

City of Black Hawk, Colorado



***Annual Comprehensive Financial Report
For the Year
Ended December 31, 2023***

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

***Annual Comprehensive Financial Report
For the Year
Ended December 31, 2023***

Prepared By

Finance Department

***Lance Hillis
Finance Director***

Black Hawk, Colorado
Annual Comprehensive Financial Report
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

**Introductory Section
(Unaudited)**

Letter of Transmittal	i
Elected Officials.....	v
Appointed Officials	vi
Organizational Chart.....	vii
GFOA Certificate of Achievement.....	viii

Financial Section

Independent Auditors' Report.....	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	3

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements:

Statement of Net Position.....	16
Statement of Activities	17

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental Funds:

Balance Sheet.....	18
Reconciliation of the Balance sheet of Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	20
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities ...	21

Proprietary Funds:

Comparative Statement of Net Position	22
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	23
Comparative Statement of Cash Flows	24

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.....	26
---	-----------

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

<i>General Fund</i> - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual.....	51
<i>Preservation and Restoration Fund</i> - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	52
<i>Transportation Device Fee Trust Fund</i> - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	53
<i>Business Improvement District Fund</i> - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	54
Schedule of the City's Share Defined Benefit Plan.....	55
Schedule of the City's Contributions to Defined Benefit Plan.....	56
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information.....	57

Black Hawk, Colorado
Annual Comprehensive Financial Report
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Supplemental Information:

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:

Governmental Funds:

Major General Fund:

Comparative Balance Sheet	58
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	59
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget & Actual ...	60

Major Special Revenue Fund:

Preservation and Restoration Fund

Comparative Balance Sheet	64
---------------------------------	----

Transportation Device Fee Trust Fund

Comparative Balance Sheet	65
---------------------------------	----

Business Improvement District Fund

Comparative Balance Sheet	66
---------------------------------	----

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

Conservation Fund

Comparative Balance Sheet	67
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	68

Major Debt Service Fund:

Comparative Balance Sheet	69
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	70

Capital Projects Funds:

Major Capital Projects Funds:

Impact Fee Fund

Comparative Balance Sheet	71
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual	72

Capital Projects Fund

Comparative Balance Sheet	73
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	74

Proprietary Fund

Major Enterprise Fund:

Water Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	75
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Black Hawk, Colorado
Annual Comprehensive Financial Report
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Statistical Section
(Unaudited)

Introduction to Statistical Section	76
--	-----------

Financial Trend Information

Changes in Net Position – Governmental Activities.....	77
Changes in Net Position – Governmental Activities – Percentage of Total.....	78
Changes in Net Position – Business-type Activities	79
Changes in Net Position – Total.....	80
Government-wide Net Position – By Category	81
General Governmental Revenues by Source.....	82
Tax Revenues by Source – Governmental Funds	83
City’s Share of State Gaming Taxes	84
General Governmental Expenditures by Function	85
General Governmental Current Expenditures by Function.....	86
Summary of Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.....	87
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	88

Revenue Capacity Information

Number of Devices – By Casino.....	89
Annual Device Fee Rates.....	90
Principal Device Fee Payers.....	91
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates	92

Debt Burden Information

Ratios of Total Debt Outstanding by Type	93
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding.....	94
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	95
Legal Debt Margin	96

Demographic and Economic Information

Demographic and Economic Statistics.....	97
Principal Employers.....	98
Average Number of Employees by Industry.....	99
Comparison of the Average Number of Gaming Devices by Gaming City.....	100
Comparison of the Number of Casinos by Gaming City.....	101
Comparison of Average Number of Casino Employees by Gaming City.....	102
Comparison of Adjusted Gross Proceeds by Gaming City	103

Operating Information

City Employees by Function/Program	104
Operating Statistics by Function/Program	105
Capital Asset and Infrastructure Statistics by Function/Program	106

Compliance Section

Local Highway Finance Report	107
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BLACK HAWK ®



INCORPORATED 1864

Office of the City Manager

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Black Hawk, CO 80422
www.cityofblackhawk.org
303-582-0292 Office
303-582-0848 Fax

Mayor

David D. Spellman

Aldermen

Linda Armbricht
Paul G. Bennett
Hal Midcap
Jim Johnson
Greg Moates
Benito Torres

City Attorney

Corey Y. Hoffmann

City Manager

Stephen N. Cole

City Clerk /

Administrative Services Director

Melissa A. Greiner

**Community Planning & Development
Director**

Cynthia L. Linker

Finance Director

Lance R. Hillis

Fire Chief / Emergency Manager

Christopher K. Woolley

Police Chief

Michelle Moriarty

Public Works Director

Thomas Isbester

COLORADO'S SECOND OLDEST
MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

June 26, 2024

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council, Citizens of the City of Black Hawk, Colorado and the Financial Community:

We are pleased to transmit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Black Hawk for the year ended December 31, 2023. This submittal is in accordance with Colorado State Statutes and the City of Black Hawk Charter provisions. This report of the financial condition of the City as of December 31, 2023, and the activity which brought about that condition meets the City Charter requirements as well as provides full financial disclosure in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The Finance Department prepared this report in conformance with standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) and the Colorado State Auditor. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City's management.

The purpose of the ACFR is to provide citizens, investors, grantor agencies and other interested parties with reliable information concerning the financial condition of the City. The City management believes the data as presented is accurate in all material respects. The data is presented in a manner designed to set forth fairly the financial position and results of City operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. Also, all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

State law requires that the financial statements of the City of Black Hawk be audited by independent certified public accountants selected by the City Council. The independent auditing firm of John Cutler & Associates, whose report is included herein, has audited the basic financial statements and related notes.

GAAP requires that the City's management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A). This transmittal letter should be read in conjunction with MD&A.

REPORTING ENTITY DEFINITION

The financial reporting entity, the City, includes all the funds of the primary government as well as all of its component units. Additional financial information concerning the blended component units may be obtained through the Finance Department of the City of Black Hawk, Colorado.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City is a political subdivision of the State of Colorado which was incorporated on March 11, 1864, under a territorial charter, prior to the time Colorado became a state in 1876. The City is located in central Colorado in Gilpin County, approximately 35 miles west of Denver at the intersection of state highways 119 and Black Hawk Street. The City is located at an altitude of 8,042 feet and covers an area of approximately three square miles. Since 2001, upon the approval by the City's residents of a home rule charter, the City has operated under Colorado law as a home rule municipality. The City charter establishes the powers of the City and describes its system of government.

Although the City had several thousand residents at its peak as a mining town in the late 1800's, the population decreased as the mines were depleted. Prior to the legalization of limited gaming in 1991, the City was generally a seasonal residential area and tourist attraction. Since limited gaming began in 1991, the population has decreased from approximately 227 in 1990 to around 100 residents today.

The City charter creates a Council-Manager form of government and establishes the City Council as the policy-making legislative body of the City. The City council consists of six Aldermen and a Mayor. The members of the City council are elected at large for staggered four-year terms, and the Mayor is elected from the City at large for a four-year term. The Mayor presides at all City council meetings and has the same power, rights and privileges as an alderman, except the mayor shall not vote except in the case of a tie vote. The City council currently meets on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. Special meetings are held at the request of the Mayor or any two aldermen.

The City provides a wide range of services to its residents and guests including police protection, fire protection, public works, parks, public improvements, planning and zoning, water and general administration. Sanitation services are provided by the Black Hawk/Central City Sanitation District, gas and electric service is provided by Xcel Energy, and telephone service is provided by CenturyLink.

Although the City has a small population, the daily population ranges from 10,000 – 15,000 per day, primarily due to availability of gaming. Therefore, City staffing is much larger than that normally found in a small City.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City's economy relies almost 100% on gaming for its revenue streams. The level of gaming activity within the City may be affected by, among other things, the amount of disposable income and

entertainment expenditures of individuals participating in gaming activities. The number of gaming devices operated within the City is subject to, among other things:

- The availability of space within a constitutionally defined area in which gaming is legal.
- The continued availability of money to finance the capital investment necessary to acquire, improve, construct or equip gaming establishments.
- The continued profitability of operating gaming establishments after the payment of winnings to players, all applicable licenses, taxes and fees and capital and operation expenses.

Currently, the City has 15 operating casinos with the largest ten accounting for 88.8% of device fee revenues for the City. The five largest casinos generate about 62.8% of device fee revenues. The casinos are continuing to expand; currently they make up over 1.5 million square feet, with the gaming area totaling over 232,000 square feet.

There is competition for gaming revenues. Currently, limited gaming is authorized in only three cities in the State, our City, Central City and Cripple Creek. Increases in the relative levels of gaming activity in the other two existing gaming towns in the state, the introduction of gaming to any additional Colorado local governments or the limiting of any fees imposed by the City on limited gaming may have a negative impact upon the economy and property values of the City and fees and taxes generated by the City.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The Board of Alderman of the City of Black Hawk have always made decisions and implemented policies that create long-term financial, economic and competitive incentives that benefit businesses within the City. These policies and incentives, many in the form of lower taxes and fees, have attracted and retained significant private investment in the Black Hawk casino market.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Internal Control Structure

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and, (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All accounting records for general governmental operations at the fund level are maintained on a modified accrual basis with the revenues recorded when measurable and available, and expenditures recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities incurred.

Legislative Development

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, (referred to as TABOR) which has several limitations including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The City believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment. However, the City has made certain interpretations of the amendment's language in order to determine its compliance.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City of Black Hawk has plans to make significant investments in facilities and infrastructure over the next 12-24 months. The City recently completed the construction of Gregory Plaza, and is focused on renovations to other buildings along Gregory Street.

Recently, the City has received multiple inquiries from the private sector related to the expansion of existing casino properties.

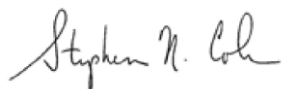
AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Black Hawk for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. This was the 13th consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Finally, credit also must be given to the Mayor and City council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,



Stephen N. Cole
City Manager



Lance Hillis, CPA
Finance Director

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

Elected Officials (In Office as of December 31, 2023)

Mayor and Alderman

David Spellman
In office since July 2006
Current term expires April 2024

Hal Midcap
In office since April 2014
Current term expires April
2026

Jim Johnson
In office since April 2010
Current term expires April
2026

Benito Torres
In office since April 2012
Current term expires April
2024

Greg Moates
In office since April 2008
Current term expires April
2024

Paul Bennett
In office since April 2004
Current term expires April
2024

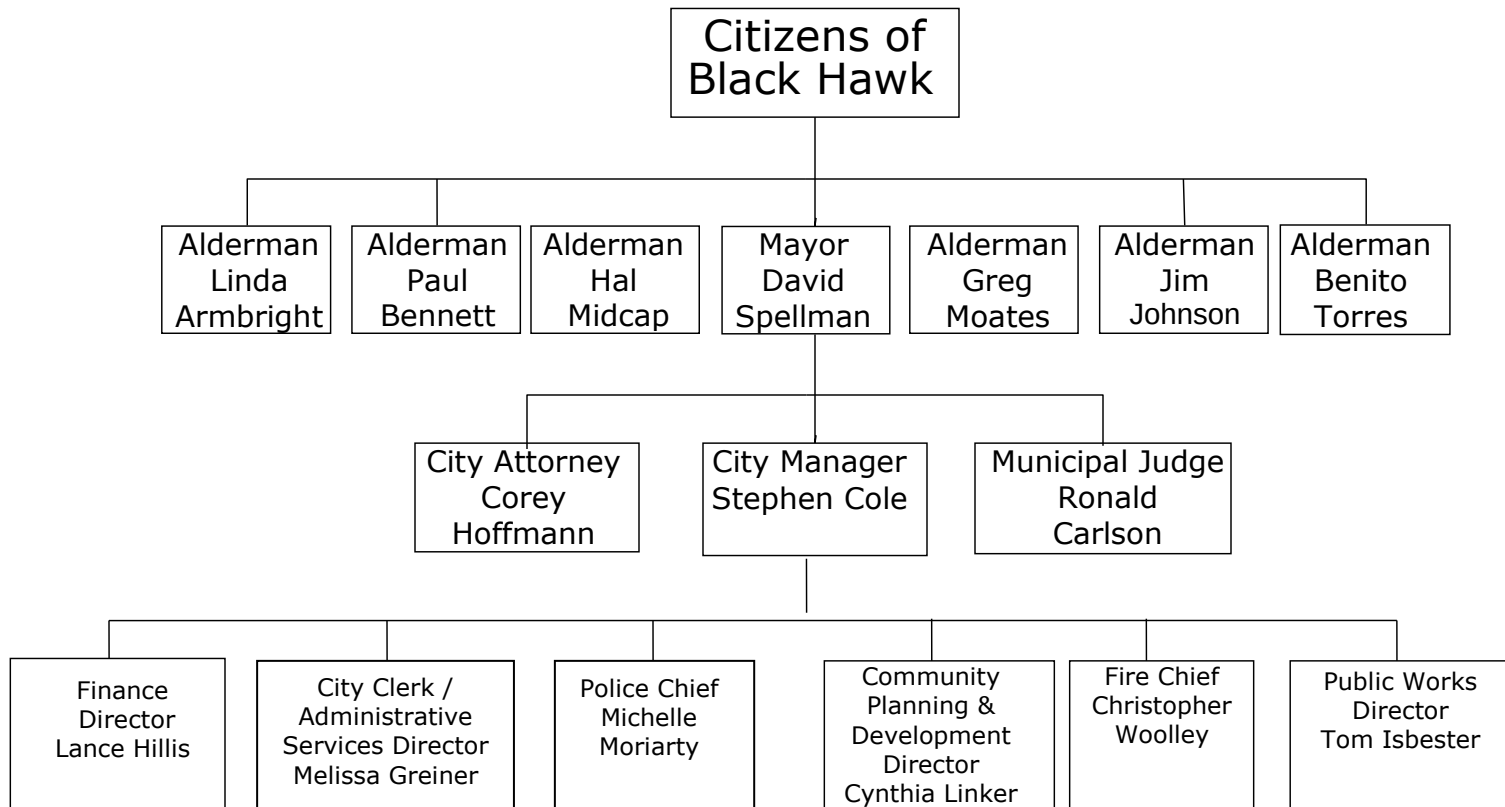
Linda Armbright
In office since April 2006
Current term expires April
2026

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

Appointed Principal Officials

December 31, 2023

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>
Stephen N. Cole	City Manager
Melissa A. Greiner	City Clerk/Administrative Services Director
Lance R. Hillis	Finance Director
Christopher K. Woolley	Fire Chief
Michelle Moriarty	Police Chief
Cynthia L. Linker	Community Planning and Development Director
Thomas Isbester	Public Works Director
Ronald Carlson	Judge, Municipal Court



As of December 31, 2023



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
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for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

**City of Black Hawk
Colorado**

For its Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2022

Christopher P. Morill

Executive Director/CEO



JOHN CUTLER & ASSOCIATES

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City Council
City of Black Hawk
Black Hawk, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Black Hawk (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Black Hawk as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Black Hawk, and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures of the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required budgetary and pension information on pages 51-56 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and State Compliance information as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and State Compliance have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and State Compliance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

John Cutler & Associates, LLC

June 19, 2024

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Within this section of the City of Black Hawk, Colorado (the City) annual financial report, the City's management is pleased to provide this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the calendar year ended December 31, 2023. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements, schedules and note disclosures following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$178,198,160 (net position) for the calendar year reported.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
 - (1) Net investment in capital assets of \$127,123,888 includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced for outstanding debt related to the purchase or construction of capital assets.
 - (2) Net position of \$17,518,111 are restricted by constraints imposed from outside the City such as debt covenants, grantors, laws, or regulations.
 - (3) There is unrestricted net position of \$33,556,161.
- The City's governmental funds reported total ending fund balance of \$49,154,243 this year. This compares to the prior year ending fund balance of \$44,113,462 showing an increase of \$5,040,781 during the current year. Unassigned fund balance is \$22,268,875 at December 31, 2023.
- At the end of the current calendar year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$22,268,875, or 112.5% of total general fund expenditures, excluding transfers.
- Overall, the City continues to maintain a strong financial position.

The above financial highlights are explained in more detail in the "financial analysis" section of this document.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Management Discussion and Analysis document introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of activities between funds.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the government-wide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as *net position*.

Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall health of the City would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base or the condition of City infrastructure, in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities*, which reports how the City's net position changed during the current calendar year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by gaming taxes from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, planning, public safety, and public works. Business-type activities include the water system.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 17 & 18 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

The City has two kinds of funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund operating statement provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 19 - 22 of this report.

Individual fund information for nonmajor governmental funds is found in combining statements in a later section of this report.

The *proprietary fund* is reported in the fund financial statements and generally reports water service for which the City charges customers a fee. The City's proprietary fund is classified as an enterprise fund. This enterprise fund essentially encompasses the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements.

The basic enterprise fund financial statements are presented on pages 23 - 26 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 27 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budget presentations. Budgetary comparison schedules are included as "required supplementary information" for the general fund and the major special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules for all other governmental funds can be found in a later section of this report. These schedules demonstrate compliance with the City's adopted and final revised budget. These budget comparison schedules are presented on pages 52 - 55.

Supplementary Information

Combining and comparative individual statements and schedules for nonmajor funds are presented as supplementary information in this report beginning on page 59.

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

The City's net position at year-end is \$178,198,160. The following table provides a summary of the City's net position.

Summary of Net Position

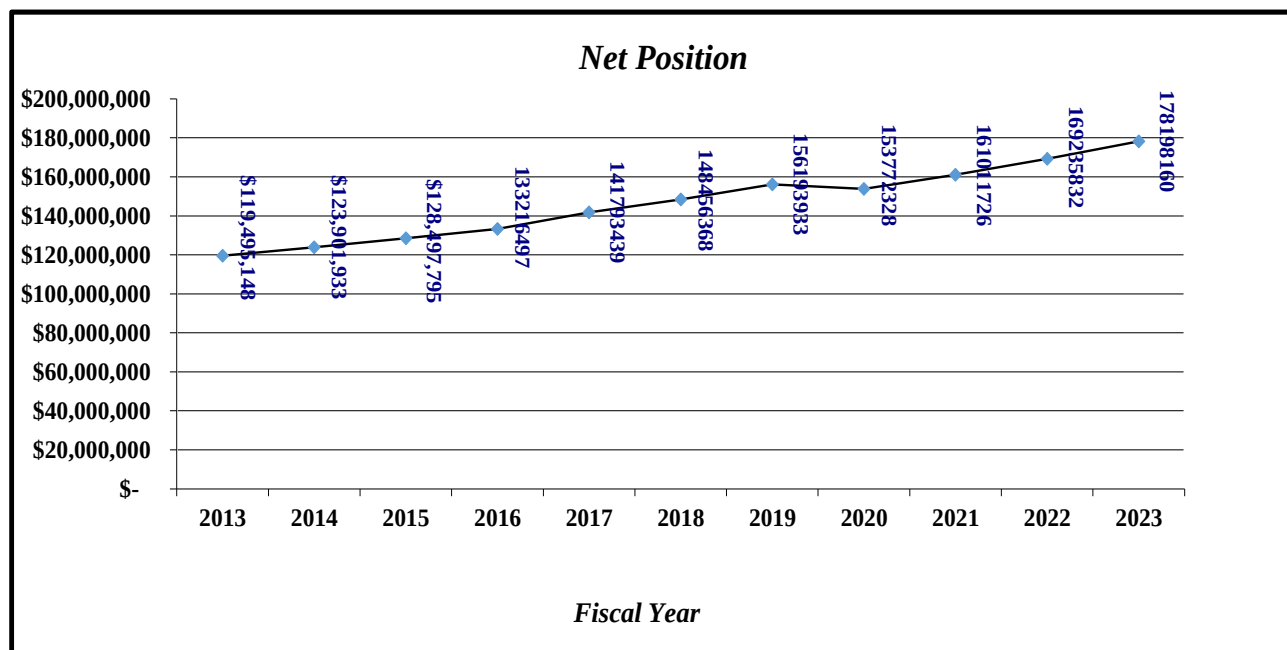
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Assets:						
Current assets	\$ 51,066,234	\$ 46,192,715	\$ 9,858,774	\$ 10,120,388	\$ 60,925,008	\$ 56,313,103
Other assets	199,844	1,150,761	-	-	199,844	1,150,761
Capital assets	118,385,017	115,869,707	31,346,839	32,349,586	149,731,856	148,219,293
Total assets	169,651,095	163,213,183	41,205,613	42,469,974	210,856,708	205,683,157
Deferred outflows	1,396,337	699,677	-	-	1,396,337	699,677
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities	4,405,952	4,494,812	212,035	171,082	4,617,987	4,665,894
Long-term liabilities	29,337,063	31,661,072	7,400	37,901	29,344,463	31,698,973
Total liabilities	33,743,015	36,155,884	219,435	208,983	33,962,450	36,364,867
Deferred inflows	92,435	782,135	-	-	92,435	782,135
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	95,777,049	93,786,175	31,346,839	32,294,231	127,123,888	126,080,406
Restricted	17,518,111	15,157,048	-	-	17,518,111	15,157,048
Unrestricted	23,916,822	18,031,618	9,639,339	9,966,760	33,556,161	27,998,378
Total net position	\$ 137,211,982	\$ 126,974,841	\$ 40,986,178	\$ 42,260,991	\$ 178,198,160	\$ 169,235,832

The City continues to maintain a high current ratio. The current ratio compares current assets to current liabilities and is an indication of the ability to pay current obligations. The current ratio for governmental activities for 2022 is 10.3 to 1 as compared to a 10.8 to 1 at December 31, 2021. The current ratio for the business type activities at December 31, 2022 is 59.2 to 1. At December 31, 2021 the current ratio was 47.0 to 1. For the City overall, the 2022 current ratio is 12.1 to 1 as compared to 12.8 to 1 at December 31, 2021. These ratios are strong.

The City reported positive balances in net position for both governmental and business-type activities. Net position increased by \$10,237,141 for governmental activities and decreased by \$1,274,813 for business-type activities. The City's overall financial position strengthened during calendar year 2023.

Note that approximately 69.8% of the governmental activities' net position is tied up in capital. This compares to 73.9% at December 31, 2022. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens and guests. However, with business type activities, the City has spent approximately 76.5% of its net position on capital as compared to 76.4% at December 31, 2022. Capital assets in the business-type activities also provide utility services, but they also generate revenues for the fund. 71.3% of the City's total net position is included in capital assets as compared to 74.5% at December 31, 2021.

The following chart reports the total net position balances from calendar year 2014 - 2023.



(This page continued on the subsequent page)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)
As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

Summary of Changes in Net Position						
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenues:						
Program:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,105,119	\$ 1,179,096	\$ 3,195,575	\$ 3,185,121	\$ 4,300,694	\$ 4,364,217
Operating grants	5,100,421	4,762,316	-	-	5,100,421	4,762,316
Capital grants						
& contributions	-	-	-	155,368	-	155,368
General:						
Taxes	15,412,632	15,329,491	-	-	15,412,632	15,329,491
Intergovernmental	12,328,474	12,313,295	-	-	12,328,474	12,313,295
Other	915,801	483,277	181,964	49,103	1,097,765	532,380
Total revenues	34,862,447	34,067,475	3,377,539	3,389,592	38,239,986	37,457,067
Program Expenses:						
General government	6,939,397	8,195,332	-	-	6,939,397	8,195,332
Planning	691,821	652,979	-	-	691,821	652,979
Public safety	9,553,660	8,928,318	-	-	9,553,660	8,928,318
Public works	7,487,979	6,951,433	-	-	7,487,979	6,951,433
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest	1,052,449	1,153,581	-	-	1,052,449	1,153,581
Water	-	-	3,552,352	3,351,318	3,552,352	3,351,318
Total expenses	25,725,306	25,881,643	3,552,352	3,351,318	29,277,658	29,232,961
Excess (deficiency)	9,137,141	8,185,832	(174,813)	38,274	8,962,328	8,224,106
Transfers	1,100,000	1,100,000	(1,100,000)	(1,100,000)	-	-
Changes in net position	10,237,141	9,285,832	(1,274,813)	(1,061,726)	8,962,328	8,224,106
Beginning net position	126,974,841	117,689,009	42,260,991	43,322,717	169,235,832	161,011,726
Ending net position	\$ 137,211,982	\$ 126,974,841	\$ 40,986,178	\$ 42,260,991	\$ 178,198,160	\$ 169,235,832

GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

Gaming revenues provide the City's largest revenue stream. In 2023, the City recognized \$7,733,381 in device taxes levied on gaming devices located within the City's casinos compared to \$8,108,274 in 2022. This is a decrease in revenue of 4.6%. The City also received \$12,328,474 from the State of Colorado for their share of the state gaming tax. This is a 0.1% increase when compared to the \$12,313,295 in 2022. Casino profits from gaming activity and gaming taxes were higher in Black Hawk in 2023 than 2022. Finally, the City received \$4,801,629 from the State of Colorado Historical Society for preservation and restoration. This amount is paid to the City, through the State of Colorado, from casino gaming taxes paid to the State of Colorado. This amount compares to \$4,320,270 in 2022 an 11.1% increase.

In addition, the City relies on sales and use taxes to support governmental operations and capital. Sales and use taxes provided 25.7% of the City's general governmental revenues for 2023 as compared to 24.5% in 2022. The 2023 amount is \$469,968 more than the 2022 amount. Although the City's financial position has improved, the sharp increase in interest rates has impacted interest earnings, jumping from \$256,414 in 2022 to \$838,594 in 2023. In 2023, program revenues covered just 24.1% of operating costs. This means that the government's taxpayers and the City's other general governmental revenues (e.g., device taxes) fund 75.9% of the governmental activities. As a result, the general economy and the City businesses (i.e., primarily casinos) have a major impact on the City's revenue streams.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

66.2% of the total expenses relates to public safety and public works. Note that general government reported more program costs in 2023 than program revenues. This revenue includes both preservation and restoration state funding and special assessments.

This table presents the cost of each of the City's programs, including the net costs (i.e., total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net costs illustrate the financial burden that has been placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Governmental Activities

	2023		2022	
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
General government	\$ 7,339,829	\$ 1,921,092	\$ 8,195,332	\$ 3,235,642
Planning	692,821	589,468	652,979	419,213
Public safety	9,553,660	9,208,737	8,928,318	8,554,238
Public works	7,087,547	6,748,020	6,951,433	6,577,557
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Interest	1,052,449	1,052,449	1,153,581	1,153,581
Total	<u>\$ 25,726,306</u>	<u>\$ 19,519,766</u>	<u>\$ 25,881,643</u>	<u>\$ 19,940,231</u>

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

The City's only enterprise fund is the water fund. The Water Fund's net positions are \$40,986,178 at December 31, 2023 and \$42,260,991 at December 31, 2022 and were \$43,322,717 at December 31, 2021

The following table compares the water fund's statements of net position for the last three years:

Summary of Net Position							
		December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
		Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total
Assets:							
Current assets		\$ 9,858,774	24%	\$ 10,120,388	16%	\$ 10,534,312	15%
Other noncurrent assets		-	0%	-	0%	-	0%
Capital assets		31,346,839	76%	32,349,586	84%	33,078,538	85%
Total assets		41,205,613	100%	42,469,974	100%	43,612,850	100%
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities		212,035	97%	171,082	69%	224,334	58%
Noncurrent liabilities		7,400	3%	37,901	31%	65,799	42%
Total liabilities		219,435	100%	208,983	100%	290,133	100%
Net position:							
Net investment in capital asset		31,346,839	76%	32,294,231	85%	33,078,538	85%
Restricted		-	0%	-	0%	-	0%
Unrestricted		9,639,339	24%	9,966,760	15%	10,244,179	15%
Total net position		\$ 40,986,178	100%	\$ 42,260,991	100%	\$ 43,322,717	100%

(This section is continued on the subsequent page)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)
As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

The following table compares the water fund operations for the last three years:

Summary of Changes in Net Position						
	2023		2022		2021	
	Business-type	Percentage	Business-type	Percentage	Business-type	Percentage
	Activities	of Total	Activities	of Total	Activities	of Total
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services:	\$ 3,195,575	99.6%	\$ 3,185,121	100.0%	\$ 3,008,757	100.0%
Other	12,755	0.4%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Total operating revenues	3,208,330	100.0%	3,185,121	100.0%	3,008,757	100.0%
Operating Expenses:						
Personal services	1,011,404	28.5%	926,877	27.7%	957,111	32.1%
Professional services	205,701	5.8%	196,333	5.9%	182,967	6.1%
General services	280,971	7.9%	436,219	13.0%	291,409	9.8%
Program services	1,856	0.1%	334	0.0%	1,216	0.0%
Purchased services	21,298	0.6%	16,860	0.5%	17,575	0.0%
Supplies	118,936	3.3%	65,443	2.0%	40,902	1.4%
Repairs and maintenance	476,308	13.4%	321,692	9.6%	242,185	8.1%
Capital outlay - non-capitalized	254,561	7.2%	195,789	5.8%	62,955	2.1%
Depreciation	1,181,317	33.3%	1,191,771	35.6%	1,183,228	39.7%
Amortization	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Interest	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Total operating expenses	3,552,352	100.0%	3,351,318	100.0%	2,979,548	99.4%
Operating Income (loss)	(344,022)		(166,197)		29,209	
Non-operating revenues (expenses)						
Investment earnings	169,209		49,103		3,830	
Sale of fixed assets	-		-		-	
(expenses)	169,209		49,103		3,830	
Income (Loss) before contributions and transfers	(174,813)		(117,094)		33,039	
Capital contributions - Tap fees	-		101,448		-	
Capital contributions - System development fees	-		53,920		-	
Transfers	(1,100,000)		(1,100,000)		4,250,000	
Net change	(1,274,813)		(1,061,726)		4,283,039	
Beginning net position	42,260,991		43,322,717		39,039,678	
Ending net position	\$ 40,986,178		\$ 42,260,991		\$ 43,322,717	
		10				

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

2023 Analysis – Base fees and tiered rates on consumption remained unchanged from 2022.

Total operating expenses increased approximately \$201,000 or 6.0% compared to 2022. Supplies, repairs & maintenance and non-capitalized capital outlay all had significant increases when compared to 2022.

With expenses outpacing the increased revenues, this fund reported an operating loss of \$344,022 as compared to an operating loss in 2022 of \$166,197. In total, the net position decreased \$1,274,813 in 2023, mostly due to net transfers out of \$1,100,000.

2022 Analysis –As illustrated in the chart above, 2022 revenues increased when compared to 2021. A new large customer, plus a full year without interruption from COVID increased water demand and corresponding revenues.

Total operating expenses increased by approximately \$372,000 or 12.5% compared to 2021.

Although 2022 revenues increased, the significant jump in expenses created an operating loss of \$166,197 as compared to an operating gain in 2021 of \$29,209. In total, net position decreased \$1,061,726 in 2022, due mostly to net transfers out of \$1,100,000.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental Funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$49,154,243 as compared to \$44,113,462 at December 31, 2022. The majority of this increase relates to:

- Continued strong Tax and intergovernmental revenues.
- The timing of capital projects.

Of the 2023 year-end total fund balance, \$17,318,267 is restricted (including \$14,110,402 for the preservation & restoration fund, \$1,552,805 for the debt service fund and \$10,947 for the impact fee fund), \$311,513 is nonspendable, \$9,255,588 is assigned (including \$9,255,588 for the capital projects fund) and \$22,268,875 is unassigned.

The total ending fund balances of governmental funds show an increase of \$5,040,781 or 11.4% from the prior year. This compares to an increase of \$4,303,423 at December 31, 2022.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - The general fund is the City's primary operating fund and the largest source of day-to-day service delivery. The general fund's fund balance decreased by \$828,294 or (3.4%) in 2023. In calendar year 2022, the fund balance increased \$8,722,097.

Total revenues increased by \$75,622 or 0.3% in 2023 as compared to an increase of \$6,117,061 or 26.9% in 2022.

The majority of the City's revenues relate to the gaming industry. On November 4, 2008, Colorado voters approved Amendment 50, giving the electorate in the state's three gaming cities the option to approve raising the maximum wager limit up to \$100, add the games of craps and/or roulette, and allow 24-hour gaming effective July 2, 2009. The City's casinos have implemented these changes. In November 2020, Amendment 77 was approved by the voter of Colorado removing any limits on wagers and allowed new casino games.

In 2023, the Black Hawk casino industry has experienced improvements when compared to 2022. The average number of gaming devices available for play in the City decreased by 281, going from 6,535 in 2022 to 6,254 in 2023. This small decrease moves the City even further from the 2019 figure of 7,062 devices. However, the amount of money wagered minus the amount paid out in prizes, known as Adjusted Gross Proceeds (AGP), increased 3.5% in 2023 as compared to 2022 and is up 37.2% when compared to 2019.

The City's share of the gaming tax on casinos is 10% of the total taxes paid to the State of Colorado, split between the three Colorado gaming cities, in proportion to the respective gaming revenue. The amount recognized in 2023 was \$12,328,474 or a 0.1% increase from 2022.

Tax revenues, comprised mostly of Sales & Use tax increased .3% when compared to 2022 levels.

The General fund received \$1,373,000 in transfers from the Preservation fund, the Transportation fund and the Water fund in 2021.

Expenditures in total increased \$1,344,013 or 7.3% in 2022.

The Mayor and Council program services expenditures increased by about \$149,585 due, in large part, to the increase in the Educational Enhancement sales tax passed on to the Gilpin School District.

Police expenditures increased by about \$288,734 in 2023, mostly due to personnel costs and supplies.

Fire expenditures increased by \$275,221 in 2023, due in large part to the staffing and general services.

Public Works expenditures increased by \$334,122 in 2023, with personnel costs and general services making up the majority of this increase.

The general fund transferred \$3,335,000 to the debt service fund for debt payments. In 2022, the general fund transferred \$3,053,000 to the debt service fund.

After transfers out to other funds, the fund balance decreased approximately \$828,000 from 2022. The 2023 ending fund balance is considered adequate, representing the equivalent of 119.3% of annual expenditures, excluding transfers as compared to 132.5% in 2022.

Preservation and Restoration Fund – During 2023, the City expended \$2,905,570 on City owned preservation projects as compared to \$3,874,191 in 2022. The City received preservation and restoration funding from the State totaling \$4,801,629 as compared to \$4,320,270 in 2022.

Transportation Device Fee Fund – This fund received device fees of \$311,744 and transfers out of \$163,000 to the general fund. Additionally, this fund received \$245,000 in the form of fees from Central City for a shared bus service.

Business Improvement District Fund – This fund was dissolved on November 17, 2022.

Capital Projects Fund – The fund spent \$4,396,289 on capital outlay as compared to \$3,095,771 in 2022.

Impact Fees Fund – This fund had minimal activity with only \$188 in Investment earnings for 2023. At December 31, 2023, the fund balance was \$10,947.

Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund – The general fund's budget was not amended during 2023. Note that the budget is adopted on a non-GAAP budgetary basis, which means that capital assets acquired through leases are not reflected with the general fund's budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)
As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

Actual revenues were \$1,004,438 more than budgeted, due to the continued strong performance from the casino industry during challenging economic times. As previously mentioned, taxes and intergovernmental revenues out-performed the budget.

Total expenditures before transfers were under budget by \$1,196,642.

The City spent 94.3% of the appropriated final budget, not including transfers.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2022, was \$118,385,017 and \$31,346,839 respectively. The total increase in this net investment was 2.2% for governmental activities and a 2.2% decrease for business-type activities. The overall increase was 1.0% for the City as a whole. See Note 3-D for additional information about changes in capital assets during the calendar year and outstanding at the end of the year. The following table provides a summary of capital asset activity.

Capital Assets						
	Governmental Activities		Business Activities		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Non-depreciable assets:						
Land	\$ 28,251,064	\$ 27,940,118	\$ 1,527,388	\$ 1,527,388	\$ 29,778,452	\$ 29,467,506
Works of art & historic treasures	1,099,310	1,099,310	-	-	1,099,310	1,099,310
Intangible assets	9,401,374	9,401,374	9,816,922	9,816,922	19,218,296	19,218,296
Construction in progress	2,210,630	9,580,642	531,010	1,501,448	2,741,640	11,082,090
Total non-depreciable	40,962,378	48,021,444	11,875,320	12,845,758	52,837,698	60,867,202
Depreciable assets:						
Buildings and improvements	49,730,824	44,411,853	-	-	49,730,824	44,411,853
Plant and equipment	-	-	34,992,487	34,992,487	34,992,487	34,992,487
Distribution system	-	-	7,711,393	6,604,290	7,711,393	6,604,290
Vehicles and equipment	12,077,269	10,264,755	624,185	604,169	12,701,454	10,868,924
Infrastructure	72,614,796	65,877,560	-	-	72,614,796	65,877,560
Total depreciable assets	134,422,889	120,554,168	43,328,065	42,200,946	177,750,954	162,755,114
Less accumulated depreciation	57,000,250	52,705,906	23,856,546	22,697,118	80,856,796	75,403,024
Book value - depreciable assets	77,422,639	67,848,262	19,471,519	19,503,828	96,894,158	87,352,090
Percentage depreciated	42%	44%	55%	54%	45%	46%
Book value - all assets	\$ 118,385,017	\$ 115,869,706	\$ 31,346,839	\$ 32,349,586	\$ 149,731,856	\$ 148,219,292

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)
As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

At December 31, 2023, the depreciable capital assets for governmental activities were 42% depreciated. This compares slightly up from the December 31, 2022 percentage of 44%. This comparison indicates that the City is replacing its assets at a rate slightly slower than they are depreciating which is a negative indicator.

With the City's business type activities, 55% of the asset values are depreciated at December 31, 2023 compared to 54% at December 31, 2022.

The significant reduction in the construction in progress relates to the completion of the following projects:

- 221 Gregory Street - \$3,455,052
- Miners Road Improvements- \$6,201,034

In the water fund, most of the intangible assets are water rights.

Long-term Debt

The following table presents the outstanding debt at December 31, 2023 and 2022.

	Outstanding Borrowings						
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals		% Change
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Device fee revenue bonds	\$ 13,215,000	\$ 14,260,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$13,215,000	\$14,260,000	-7%
Lease purchase agreement	17,760,000	18,910,000	-	-	17,760,000	18,910,000	-6%
Compensated absences	786,404	829,004	9,207	45,797	795,611	874,801	-9%
Total	\$31,761,404	\$33,999,004	\$ 9,207	\$ 45,797	\$31,770,611	\$34,044,801	-7%

See Note 3-F for additional information about the City's long-term debt.

Economic Conditions Affecting the City

The City was incorporated in 1864 and is located in central Colorado in Gilpin County, approximately 35 miles west of the City of Denver. The City has a population of only approximately 100. However, in 1990, the City became one of three Colorado cities in which limited gaming is permitted. As a result, the City must provide most of its services to a much larger population base due to gaming. The City receives almost all of its revenue from gaming related sources.

The level of gaming activity within the City can be affected by the amount of disposable income and entertainment expenditures of individuals participating in gaming activities. The number of gaming devices operated within the City is subject to:

- The availability of space within a constitutionally defined area in which limited gaming is legal
- The continued availability of monies to finance the capital investment necessary to acquire, improve, construct or equip gaming establishments
- The continued profitability of operating gaming establishments after the payment of winnings of players, all applicable licenses, taxes and fees and capital and operation expenses.

The City monitors the gaming community very thoroughly to insure a stable revenue base.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances, comply with finance-related laws and regulations, and demonstrate the City's commitment to public accountability. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information, contact the Finance Director or City Manager at the City, Post Office 68, Black Hawk, Colorado, 80422.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2023

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3A)	\$ 47,875,649	\$ 9,595,759	\$ 57,471,408
Receivables:			
Accounts	155,963	263,015	418,978
Property taxes	12,597	-	12,597
Other taxes	1,389,012	-	1,389,012
Inventory	126,013	-	126,013
Prepaid items	185,500	-	185,500
Restricted assets	1,321,500	-	1,321,500
Total Current Assets	51,066,234	9,858,774	60,925,008
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital assets (Note 3D)			
Nondepreciable	40,962,378	11,875,320	52,837,698
Depreciable, net	77,422,639	19,471,519	96,894,158
Net pension asset	199,844	-	199,844
Total Noncurrent Assets	118,584,861	31,346,839	149,931,700
Total Assets	169,651,095	41,205,613	210,856,708
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension deferrals	1,396,337	-	1,396,337
Unamortized Debt Refunding Charges	-	-	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,396,337	-	1,396,337
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	1,264,007	164,635	1,428,642
Accrued expenses	450,564	45,593	496,157
Retainage payable	48,146	-	48,146
Accrued interest payable	82,217	-	82,217
Deposits payable	136,677	-	136,677
Compensated absences payable	154,341	1,807	156,148
Revenue bonds payable	2,270,000	-	2,270,000
Total Current Liabilities	4,405,952	212,035	4,617,987
Long-Term Liabilities (net of current portion): (Note 3F)			
Compensated absences payable	632,063	7,400	639,463
Net pension liability	-	-	-
Revenue bonds payable	28,705,000	-	28,705,000
Total Long-term Liabilities	29,337,063	7,400	29,344,463
Total Liabilities	33,743,015	219,435	33,962,450
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property taxes	12,597	-	12,597
Pension deferrals	79,838	-	79,838
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	92,435	-	92,435
Net Position			
Net Investment in capital assets (Note 3G)	95,777,049	31,346,839	127,123,888
Restricted for:			
Impact fees	10,947	-	10,947
Debt service	1,552,805	-	1,552,805
Preservation and restoration	14,110,402	-	14,110,402
Emergencies (Note 2D)	1,043,000	-	1,043,000
Pension (Note 4D)	199,844	-	199,844
Other program purposes	601,113	-	601,113
Unrestricted	23,916,822	9,639,339	33,556,161
Total Net Position	\$ 137,211,982	\$ 40,986,178	\$ 178,198,160

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Function/Program	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government		
					Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities							
General government	\$ 7,339,829	\$ 502,452	\$ 4,916,285	\$ -	\$ (1,921,092)	\$ -	\$ (1,921,092)
Planning	691,821	102,353	-	-	(589,468)	-	(589,468)
Public safety	9,553,660	178,893	166,030	-	(9,208,737)	-	(9,208,737)
Public works	7,087,547	321,421	18,106	-	(6,748,020)	-	(6,748,020)
Interest	1,052,449	-	-	-	(1,052,449)	-	(1,052,449)
Total Governmental Activities	25,725,306	1,105,119	5,100,421	-	(19,519,766)	-	(19,519,766)
Business-Type Activities:							
Water	3,552,352	3,195,575	-	-	-	(356,777)	(356,777)
Total - Primary Government	<u>\$ 29,277,658</u>	<u>\$ 4,300,694</u>	<u>\$ 5,100,421</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(19,519,766)</u>	<u>(356,777)</u>	<u>(19,876,543)</u>
General Revenues							
Property and specific ownership taxes					11,065	-	11,065
Sales and use taxes					7,367,041	-	7,367,041
Road and bridge taxes					125,294	-	125,294
Device fee taxes					7,733,381	-	7,733,381
Franchise taxes					159,736	-	159,736
Other taxes					16,115	-	16,115
Intergovernmental - gaming					12,328,474	-	12,328,474
Investment earnings					838,594	169,209	1,007,803
Miscellaneous					77,207	12,755	89,962
Total General Revenues					<u>28,656,907</u>	<u>181,964</u>	<u>28,838,871</u>
Transfers					<u>1,100,000</u>	<u>(1,100,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in Net Position					<u>10,237,141</u>	<u>(1,274,813)</u>	<u>8,962,328</u>
Net Position Beginning of Year					<u>126,974,841</u>	<u>42,260,991</u>	<u>169,235,832</u>
Net Position End of Year					<u>\$ 137,211,982</u>	<u>\$ 40,986,178</u>	<u>\$ 178,198,160</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
December 31, 2023

	General	Preservation & Restoration	Transportation Device Fee	Business Improvement District	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Impact Fee	Conservation Trust	Total Governmental Funds
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,086,794	\$ 14,184,414	\$ 574,089	\$ -	\$ 231,305	\$ 9,749,207	\$ 10,947	\$ 38,893	\$ 47,875,649
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	-	-	-	-	1,321,500	-	-	-	1,321,500
Receivables:									
Accounts	155,963	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	155,963
Property taxes	12,597	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,597
Other taxes	1,362,252	-	26,760	-	-	-	-	-	1,389,012
Inventory	126,013	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	126,013
Prepaid items	185,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	185,500
Total Assets	\$ 24,929,119	\$ 14,184,414	\$ 600,849	\$ -	\$ 1,552,805	\$ 9,749,207	\$ 10,947	\$ 38,893	\$ 51,066,234
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 705,893	\$ 74,012	\$ 38,629	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 445,473	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,264,007
Grant tax payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retainage payable	-	-	-	-	-	48,146	-	-	48,146
Accrued expenditures	450,564	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	450,564
Deposits payable	136,677	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	136,677
Total Liabilities	1,293,134	74,012	38,629	-	-	493,619	-	-	1,899,394
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Property taxes	12,597	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,597
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,597	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,597
Fund Balances (Deficits)									
Restricted	1,043,000	14,110,402	562,220	-	1,552,805	-	10,947	38,893	17,318,267
Nonspendable	311,513	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	311,513
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	9,255,588	-	-	9,255,588
Unassigned	22,268,875	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,268,875
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	23,623,388	14,110,402	562,220	-	1,552,805	9,255,588	10,947	38,893	49,154,243
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 24,929,119	\$ 14,184,414	\$ 600,849	\$ -	\$ 1,552,805	\$ 9,749,207	\$ 10,947	\$ 38,893	\$ 51,066,234

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds
to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2023

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	49,154,243
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**Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
statement of net position are different because:**

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Cost of capital assets	\$ 175,385,268	
Less accumulated depreciation	(57,000,251)	118,385,017

Net pension assets are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds	199,844
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Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds	1,396,337
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Bond premiums, discounts and refundings are reported as other financing sources and uses and expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements but capitalized on the government-wide statement of net position.

Premiums, discounts and refundings	\$ -	
Less accumulated amortization	\$ -	\$ -

Liabilities not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund balance sheets but are reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Revenue bonds	\$ (30,975,000)	
Accrued interest	(82,217)	
Compensated absences	(786,404)	(31,843,621)

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds	(79,838)
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Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	137,211,982
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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	General	Preservation & Restoration	Transportation Device Fee	Business Improvement District	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Impact Fee	Conservation Trust	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues									
Taxes	\$ 15,100,888	\$ -	\$ 311,744	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,412,632
Intergovernmental	12,522,986	4,801,629	112,884	-	-	-	-	1,772	17,439,271
Licenses and permits	83,870	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83,870
Charges for services	597,356	-	245,000	-	-	-	-	-	842,356
Fines and forfeitures	178,893	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	178,893
Investment earnings	385,986	210,774	10,325	-	104,525	126,145	188	651	838,594
Miscellaneous	65,631	1,200	-	-	-	-	-	-	66,831
Total Revenues	28,935,610	5,013,603	679,953	-	104,525	126,145	188	2,423	34,862,447
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government	6,475,785	400,432	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,876,217
Planning	697,814	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	697,814
Public safety	8,977,960	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,977,960
Public works	3,650,345	-	564,468	-	-	-	-	-	4,214,813
Capital Outlay	-	2,505,138	-	-	-	4,396,289	-	-	6,901,427
Debt Service:									
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	2,195,000	-	-	-	2,195,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	1,058,435	-	-	-	1,058,435
Total Expenditures	19,801,904	2,905,570	564,468	-	3,253,435	4,396,289	-	-	30,921,666
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	9,133,706	2,108,033	115,485	-	(3,148,910)	(4,270,144)	188	2,423	3,940,781
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	1,373,000	-	-	-	3,335,000	8,000,000	-	-	12,708,000
Transfers out	(11,335,000)	(110,000)	(163,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(11,608,000)
Lease Purchase Financing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,962,000)	(110,000)	(163,000)	-	3,335,000	8,000,000	-	-	1,100,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(828,294)	1,998,033	(47,515)	-	186,090	3,729,856	188	2,423	5,040,781
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	24,451,682	12,112,369	609,735	-	1,366,715	5,525,732	10,759	36,470	44,113,462
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 23,623,388	\$ 14,110,402	\$ 562,220	\$ -	\$ 1,552,805	\$ 9,255,588	\$ 10,947	\$ 38,893	\$ 49,154,243

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net Changes In Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	5,040,781
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**Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
statement of activities are different because**

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures on the governmental fund type operating statement. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capitalized capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.

Depreciation expense	\$ (4,386,117)	
Capital outlay	<u>6,901,427</u>	2,515,310

Accrued interest is reported in the statement of activities, but does not require the use of financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Liability @ 12/31/23	\$ 82,217	
Liability @ 12/31/22	<u>(88,203)</u>	5,986

Deferred charges, premiums and discounts on bond issues are reported in the governmental fund's operating statement because these transactions require the use of current financial resources but are capitalized on the government-wide statement of net position.

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Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal retirement		2,195,000
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Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to government funds, however issuance creates additional long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

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Deferred charges related to pensions are not recognized in the governmental funds, however for the government wide funds the amount is capitalized and amortized

437,464

Compensated absences are reported in the government-wide statement of activities, but do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Liability @ 12/31/23	\$ (786,404)	
Liability @ 12/31/22	<u>829,004</u>	<u>42,600</u>

Change In Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	<u>10,237,141</u>
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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Water Fund
Comparative Statement of Net Position
December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,595,759	\$ 9,868,002
Accounts receivable	263,015	252,386
Total Current Assets	9,858,774	10,120,388
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable	11,875,320	12,845,758
Depreciable, net	19,471,519	19,503,828
Total Noncurrent Assets	31,346,839	32,349,586
Total Assets	41,205,613	42,469,974
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	164,635	77,908
Retainage payable	-	55,355
Accrued expenses	45,593	29,923
Compensated absences payable	1,807	7,896
Total Current Liabilities	212,035	171,082
Long-Term Liabilities (net of current portion):		
Compensated absences payable	7,400	37,901
Total Long-Term Liabilities	7,400	37,901
Total Liabilities	219,435	208,983
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	31,346,839	32,294,231
Unrestricted	9,639,339	9,966,760
Total Net Position	\$ 40,986,178	\$ 42,260,991

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Water Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenses
and Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 3,195,575	\$ 3,185,121
Miscellaneous	12,755	-
Total Operating Revenues	3,208,330	3,185,121
Operating Expenses		
Personal services	1,011,404	926,878
Professional services	205,701	196,333
General services	280,971	436,219
Program services	1,856	334
Purchased services	21,298	16,860
Supplies	118,936	65,443
Repairs and maintenance	476,308	321,691
Capital outlay - non-capitalized	254,561	195,789
Depreciation	1,181,317	1,191,771
Total Operating Expenses	3,552,352	3,351,318
Operating Income (Loss)	(344,022)	(166,197)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment earnings	169,209	49,103
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	169,209	49,103
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(174,813)	(117,094)
Transfers In	-	-
Capital Contributions - System Development Fees	-	155,368
Transfers out	(1,100,000)	(1,100,000)
Change in Net Position	(1,274,813)	(1,061,726)
Net Position Beginning of Year	42,260,991	43,322,717
Net Position End of Year	\$ 40,986,178	\$ 42,260,991

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Water Fund
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash received from customers	\$ 3,197,701	\$ 3,513,193
Cash payments for personal services	(1,047,994)	(960,356)
Cash payments for goods and services	<u>(1,312,589)</u>	<u>(1,280,341)</u>
Net Cash (Used in) Operating Activities	<u>837,118</u>	<u>1,272,496</u>
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Transfers in	-	-
Transfers out	<u>(1,100,000)</u>	<u>(1,100,000)</u>
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Capital contributions - tap fees	-	101,448
Capital contributions - system development fees	-	53,920
Payments for capital acquisitions	<u>(178,570)</u>	<u>(462,819)</u>
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>(178,570)</u>	<u>(307,451)</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Investment earnings	<u>169,209</u>	<u>49,103</u>
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(272,243)	(85,852)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	<u>9,868,002</u>	<u>9,953,854</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	<u><u>\$ 9,595,759</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 9,868,002</u></u>
Reconciliation to Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Unrestricted	\$ 9,595,759	\$ 9,868,002
Restricted	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u><u>\$ 9,595,759</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 9,868,002</u></u>

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Water Fund
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Continued)

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash (Used in) Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (344,022)	\$ (166,197)
Adjustments:		
Depreciation	1,181,317	1,191,771
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:		
Accounts receivable	(10,629)	328,072
Prepaid items	-	-
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	86,727	(39,283)
Retainage payable	(55,355)	(6,105)
Accrued expenses	15,670	(2,283)
Compensated absences payable	(36,590)	(33,479)
Net Cash (Used in) Operating Activities	<u>\$ 837,118</u>	<u>\$ 1,272,496</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Index

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	1
Reporting Entity	1-A
Basis of Presentation	1-B
Measurement Focus	1-C
Basis of Accounting	1-D
Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity	1-E
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	1-E-1
Receivables	1-E-2
Interfund Balances	1-E-3
Consumable Inventory	1-E-4
Prepaid Items	1-E-5
Restricted Assets	1-E-6
Capital Assets	1-E-7
Compensated Absences	1-E-8
Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations	1-E-9
Bond Premiums, Discounts, Refunding Differences	1-E-10
Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources	1-E-11
Fund Equity	1-E-12
Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses	1-E-13
Contributions of Capital	1-E-14
Device Fees Tax	1-E-15
Impact Fees	1-E-16
Interfund Activity	1-E-17
Estimates	1-E-18
Comparative Data	1-E-19
Related Parties	1-E-20
Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability	2
Budgetary Information	2-A
Emergency Reserves	2-B
Detailed Notes on All Funds	3
Deposits and Investments	3-A
Receivables	3-B
Property Taxes	3-C
Capital Assets	3-D
Interfund Transfers	3-E
Long-Term Debt	3-F
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3-G
Fund Equity	3-H
Other Notes	4
Risk Management	4-A
Contingent Liabilities	4-B
Defined Contribution Pension Plan	4-C
Defined Benefit Pension Plan	4-D
Subsequent Events	4-E
Restatement of Net Position	4-F

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

The City of Black Hawk, Colorado (the “City”) became a home rule city January 16, 2001, as authorized by Article 20 of the Colorado State Constitution. Prior to that date, the City functioned as a territorial charter city. A City Aldermen/Manager form of government governs the City with a Mayor and Board of Aldermen. The City Aldermen appoint the City Manager. The City provides the following services: public safety, street maintenance, public improvements, culture-recreation, planning and zoning, water services and general administration.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The most significant of the City’s accounting policies are described below.

1-A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City, this entity includes the legal entity of the City and two blended component units.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organizations; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units also may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the City in that the City approves the budget, levies their taxes or issues their debt.

Brief descriptions of the blended component units follow:

Black Hawk Business Improvement District (the District) – The District was created by ordinance passed by the City’s Board of Alderman on July 26, 1995. The purpose of the District is to construct public improvements for gaming and commercial interests within the City. A separate & distinct board of directors made up of business operators located within the service area is appointed by the City’s Board of Alderman, governs the District. The District board of directors shall annually file its operating plan and budget with the City for the approval of the Board of Alderman. The District is reported as blended component unit due to the Board of Alderman’s operational responsibility for the component unit and because the activities of the District, financing for public improvements & services, exclusively benefit the City. On October 18, 2022, the District’s board of directors voted to dissolve the District and to transfer all of the assets and liabilities to Silver Dollar Metropolitan District (“Silver Dollar”). On October 26, 2022, the City of Black Hawk passed ordinance number 2022-23 stating that all outstanding indebtedness, obligations and liabilities of the District will have been satisfied by December 31, 2022 and dissolved the District effective on or before December 31, 2022. On November 1, 2022, the District entered into an Agreement Regarding Transfer and Use of Remaining BID Funds with Silver Dollar. On November 17, 2022, the Districts assets were transferred to Silver Dollar pursuant to the Agreement, and the District was dissolved. The District issues a separate financial report, which is available at the offices of Colorado CPA Company, P.O. Box 630154, Highlands Ranch, Colorado, 80163.

Black Hawk Urban Renewal Authority (Renewal Authority) – The Renewal Authority was created by resolution passed by the City’s Board of Alderman in July 2008. The purpose of the Renewal Authority is to develop urban renewal projects. The Board of Alderman serves as the Renewal Authority’s governing board. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements. Since the Renewal Authority has the same governing body as the City, is fiscally dependent on the City and the City has operational responsibility for the Authority, the Authority is reported as a blended component unit. During 2023, the Renewal Authority had no financial activity.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the City as a whole. The primary government and the component units are presented separately within these financial statements with the focus on the primary government.

Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and grants and the City's general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with charges for services to external customers.

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the governmental and business-type activities of the City and its discretely presented component units at year-end.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities and for each identifiable activity of the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and therefore clearly identifiable to that particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges for services to users of the City's services and fines; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment earnings; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying the function to which the program revenue pertains, the determining factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For *grants and contributions*, the determining factor is to which function the revenues are *restricted*.

Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues of the City, primarily taxes. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function and each identifiable business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds.

Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported in separate columns.

Fund Accounting - The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The City uses two categories of funds: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds - Government funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The City reports the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

General Fund – The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund's fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of the State of Colorado.

Preservation and Restoration Fund – This fund accounts for the various preservation and restoration programs of the City, which are primarily funded through gaming revenues received from the State of Colorado, earmarked for this purpose.

Transportation Device Fee Fund – This fund accounts for the collection of device fees levied on all gaming devices within the City to finance transportation services. All transportation expenditures are reported in the General fund and are funded from transfers from this fund.

Business Improvement District Fund – This fund accounts for marketing and the construction of public improvements to the commercial district and is funded by the imposition of property taxes and device fees on the casinos within its boundaries.

Debt Service Fund – This fund receives transfers from the general fund and retires the governmental activities bonded debt, excluding the District's debt.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the construction of significant City capital projects.

Impact Fee Fund – This fund accounts for the parking and related projects of the City which are funded through an impact fee collected from new developments within the City.

The Proprietary Fund - Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The City's proprietary fund is classified as a major enterprise fund.

Water Fund – This fund accounts for the operations of the City's water system.

1-C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities reports revenues and expenses.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements.

Like the government-wide statements, the proprietary fund type is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus on both financial reporting levels. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statements of net position. The statements of changes in fund net position present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. At the fund reporting level, the governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary fund uses the accrual basis of accounting at both reporting levels. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the calendar year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current calendar year. For the City, the phrase “available for exchange transactions” means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

Revenues - Non-Exchange Transactions - Non-exchange transactions in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, specific ownership taxes, sales taxes, device fees, grants, and contributions. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes and specific ownership taxes is recognized in the calendar year for which the taxes are levied. (Note 3-C) Property taxes are assessed in one year for the subsequent years’ budget. Recognition for the levy made in 2022 is revenue for the 2023 budget year. Therefore, a property tax receivable and a liability of an equal amount are reported as “deferred inflow” on the government-wide statement of net position and as deferred revenue at the fund financial reporting level. Sales taxes are recognized in the year, in which the underlying event takes place (i.e., the calendar year in which the sale takes place).

Revenue from grants and contributions is recognized in the calendar year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions also must be available (i.e., collected within 60 days) before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be susceptible to accrual: property taxes, sales taxes, device taxes and federal and state grants.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. On the modified accrual basis, expenditures generally are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and due, if measurable.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

1-E-1 Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash balances of most City funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned from investments purchased with pooled cash is allocated to each fund based on the fund's average equity balance in the pooled fund. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the City considers cash and cash equivalents to include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City.

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.

Colorado law authorizes the City to invest in the following type of obligations:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities.
- Certain international agency securities.
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities.
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks.
- Commercial paper limited to securities with highest rating category by at least one nationally recognized rating agency at time of purchase.
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities.
- Certain money market funds.
- Guaranteed investment contracts.
- Local government investment pools.

1-E-2 Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles, where applicable. Unbilled water charges are accrued as receivables and revenue at December 31, 2023.

1-E-3 Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term transactions or interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/interfund payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reclassified and presented as internal balances.

1-E-4 Consumable Inventory

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used (i.e., the consumption method).

On the fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds, as well as the enterprise fund, are stated at cost. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when consumed. Inventories of the enterprise fund are expensed when consumed. These inventories consist primarily of fuel and public works parts.

1-E-5 Prepaid Items

On the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements, prepaids are presented using the consumption method.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-6 Restricted Assets

Cash and investments are restricted for debt service applicable to various debt obligation covenants. These covenants require the smaller of 125% of Average Annual Debt Service, Maximum Annual Debt Service or 10% of Outstanding Principal be restricted.

1-E-7 Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The City reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but does not report these assets in the City fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the enterprise fund are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the enterprise fund's statement of net position.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars for all capital assets other than land. All land is recorded, without regard to its cost. The City's reported infrastructure consists of drainage structures, retaining walls and street lighting. Improvements to capital assets are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets utilized by the enterprise fund is capitalized.

The City capitalizes the cost of water rights, which includes the acquisition cost, legal and engineering costs related to the development and augmentation of those rights. Since the rights have a perpetual life, they are not amortized. All other costs, including costs incurred for the protection of those rights, are expensed.

The City capitalizes works of art and historical treasures, consisting primarily of statues and sculptures. These works are not depreciated since they are inexhaustible.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land, water rights, works of art and historical treasures and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Lives	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Buildings and improvements	25 - 40 Years	---
Vehicles and equipment	5 - 20 Years	5 - 20 Years
General government infrastructure	15 - 25 Years	---
Water plant and equipment	---	40 Years
Water distribution system	---	10 - 30 Years

At the inception of leases at the governmental fund reporting level, expenditures and an "other financing source" of an equal amount are reported at the net present value of future minimum lease payments.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-8 Compensated Absences

Paid Time Off benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits do not vest.

All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The proprietary fund reports the total compensated liability in this fund at the fund reporting level. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level only "when due."

1-E-9 Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of these funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are "due for payment" during the current year. Bonds and leases are recognized as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

1-E-10 Bond Premiums, Discounts, Refunding Differences

On the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary fund type statement of net position, unamortized bond premiums and discounts are netted against bonds payable. On the government-wide and proprietary fund type statement of activities, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond refunding differences are amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunding debt or refunded debt.

At the governmental fund reporting level, bond premiums and discounts are reported as other financing sources and uses, separately from the face amount of the bonds issued.

1-E-11 Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to the liabilities, the statement of financial position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a futures period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-12 Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as “fund balance.” Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as “net position.” In fiscal year 2011, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*.

Net Position - The government-wide and business-type fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- **Investment in Capital Assets** is intended to reflect the portion of net position which are associated with non-liquid, capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt. The net related debt is the debt less the outstanding liquid assets and any associated unamortized cost.
- **Restricted Net Position** are liquid assets, which have third party limitations on their use.
- **Unrestricted Net Position** represent assets that do not have any third party limitation on their use. While City management may have categorized and segmented portion for various purposes, the City Council has the unrestricted authority to revisit or alter these managerial decisions.

Fund Balance – Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- **Nonspendable** – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted** – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- **Committed** – Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Aldermen through the approval of a resolution. Only, the City Aldermen also may modify or rescind the commitment.
- **Assigned** – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City’s intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the City Aldermen to be used for a specific purpose.
- **Unassigned** - Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City’s policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City’s policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-13 Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the City, these revenues are charges for services for providing water. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the water services. All other revenues and expenses are considered nonoperating including investment earnings, interest expense and amortization.

1-E-14 Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, system development fees, water tap fees or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction (e.g., water lines).

1-E-15 Device Fees Tax

The City adopted an ordinance imposing an occupational tax (i.e., a device fee) on gaming devices used within the City. The fee is paid on all gaming devices for which the State of Colorado has issued a device tax stamp. The City annual device fee tax is \$1,050 per slot machine and \$4,200 per live table game for 2023. The annual transportation device tax is about \$44.16 per device.

1-E-16 Impact Fees

The City imposes two types of impact fees.

Parking Impact Fees – The City imposes a parking impact fee, charged to developers at the time of application for a building permit. The fee is levied to aid the development of additional parking facilities. The fee is \$2,000 for each required parking space based upon various factors included in the ordinance. Parking impact fees not expended or encumbered within ten years from the date of collection are refunded.

Fire and Police Impact Fees - The City imposes a fire and police impact fee, charged to developers at the time of application for a building permit. The fee is levied for the acquisition of facilities and equipment for public safety. The fees are based upon the type and size of the development. These impact fees not expended or encumbered within six years from the date of collection are refunded.

1-E-17 Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses section in the proprietary fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements (i.e., they are netted).

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statement of activities are reported separately after general revenues. Transfers between funds reported in the governmental activities column are eliminated.

1-E-18 Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

1-E-19 Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

1-E-20 Related Parties

The Mayor and Board of Alderman and resident City employees may receive preservation and restoration grants to restore their personal property in accordance with City policy and State Statutes.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

2-A. Budgetary Information – The City adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. The budget resolution reflects the total of each department's appropriation in each fund. The City also adopts an annual budget for its water fund.

Annual budgets are adopted for City funds. The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for all governmental fund types with the following exception:

- Any inceptions of leases and related capital outlay are not budgeted
- The budget for the water fund is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting (i.e., a non-GAAP budgetary basis)

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each adopted annual operating budget is the total appropriation within each individual fund. Any change in total to a fund appropriation requires approval of the City's Board of Aldermen.

2-B. Emergency Reserves

In 1992, Colorado voters approved an amendment to the Colorado Constitution that placed certain limits on revenue and expenditures of the state and local governments. Although the limit is placed on both revenue and expenditures, the constitutional amendment actually applies to revenue collections. The amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation.

However, cities have the option of placing a ballot measure before the voters asking for approval on retaining the revenue over the limit. The City's voters approved a ballot measure on November 7, 1995 that allows the City to exclude all revenues from those included within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution.

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution requires a reserve of 3% of its fiscal spending for emergencies. The use of this reserve is restricted to the purpose for which it was established and can be used solely for declared emergencies. In accordance with Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, the City has restricted all fund balances for future expenditures in the general fund.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

3-A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Colorado State statutes govern the City's deposit of cash. The Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) for banks and savings and loans requires the state regulators to certify eligible depositories for public deposits. The Act requires eligible depositories with public deposits in excess of the federal insurance levels to create a single institution collateral pool of defined eligible assets. Eligible collateral includes obligations of the United States, obligations of the state of Colorado or local Colorado governments, and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the state. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the assets in the pool must be at least equal to 102% of the uninsured deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk – The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered.

At December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$58,792,908 and the bank balance was \$59,093,455. Of the bank balance, \$11,050,984 was covered by federal deposit insurance and \$38,561,138 was covered by the provisions of the Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (i.e., cash collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name).

Investments

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City has no formal policy regarding interest rate risk.

Investment Type	Fair Value
Money market accounts	\$ 486,505
Colotrust state investment pool	8,993,728
Total	<u>\$ 9,480,233</u>

The City had invested \$8,993,728 in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (ColoTrust) which has a credit rating of AA+ by Standard and Poor's. ColoTrust is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds and is regulated by the State Securities Commissioner. It operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Investments consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the entities.

The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. The government-investor does not "look through" the pool to report a pro rata share of the pool's investments, receivables, and payables.

Fair Value of Investments—The City measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- *Level 1:* Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- *Level 2:* Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- *Level 3:* Unobservable inputs.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The City had the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2023:

- Money market account-Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund.

The money market accounts are made up of forfeited non-vested employer 401 contributions with ICMA Retirement Corporation. These funds are available to be used towards future employer 401 contributions. This investment is valued using Level 2 inputs.

Credit Quality Risk – Credit quality risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Colotrust, a local government investment pool that the City invests in, is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. This pool is rated AAA by Fitch and Moody's. The money market account is invested exclusively in Colotrust. The maturity schedules for the above investments are less than one year. The City has no policy regarding credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's investments may not be recovered.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City has all investments in a local government investment pool, Colotrust.

Cash and Investment Reconciliation

Petty cash	\$ 1,100
Deposits	49,311,575
Investments	<u>9,480,233</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u><u>\$ 58,792,908</u></u>
Fund Reporting Level	
Governmental fund type - balance sheet	\$ 47,875,649
Governmental fund type - balance sheet - restricted	1,321,500
Proprietary fund type - statement of net position	<u>9,595,759</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 58,792,908</u></u>

3-B. Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2023, consisted of taxes, interest, accounts (billings for user charges, including unbilled utility receivables), and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants.

Receivables and payables are recorded on the City's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectability.

3-C. Property Taxes

Annual property taxes are levied by the City on assessed valuation as of January 1, and attached as an enforceable lien on the property at that time. Generally, property taxes are levied on December 15 for the subsequent year's operations. The taxes are payable by April. However, taxpayers may pay property taxes in two equal installments, in February and June.

Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the City.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance 1/1/2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/2023
Governmental activities:				
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 27,940,118	\$ 310,946	\$ -	\$ 28,251,064
Works of art and historical treasures	1,099,310	-	-	1,099,310
Intangible-internally generated	9,401,375	-	-	9,401,375
Construction in progress	9,580,642	4,214,329	11,584,342	2,210,629
	<u>48,021,445</u>	<u>4,525,275</u>	<u>11,584,342</u>	<u>40,962,378</u>
Total nondepreciable capital assets	<u>48,021,445</u>	<u>4,525,275</u>	<u>11,584,342</u>	<u>40,962,378</u>
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	44,411,853	5,318,971	-	49,730,824
Vehicles and equipment	10,264,755	1,904,286	91,772	12,077,269
Infrastructure	65,877,560	6,737,237	-	72,614,797
	<u>120,554,168</u>	<u>13,960,494</u>	<u>91,772</u>	<u>134,422,890</u>
Total depreciable capital assets	<u>120,554,168</u>	<u>13,960,494</u>	<u>91,772</u>	<u>134,422,890</u>
Total capital assets	<u>168,575,613</u>	<u>18,485,769</u>	<u>11,676,114</u>	<u>175,385,268</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	18,705,068	1,757,686	-	20,462,754
Vehicles and equipment	9,221,583	547,376	91,772	9,677,187
Infrastructure	24,779,255	2,081,055	-	26,860,310
	<u>52,705,906</u>	<u>4,386,117</u>	<u>91,772</u>	<u>57,000,251</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>52,705,906</u>	<u>4,386,117</u>	<u>91,772</u>	<u>57,000,251</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 115,869,707</u>	<u>\$ 14,099,652</u>	<u>\$ 11,584,342</u>	<u>\$ 118,385,017</u>

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Governmental activities depreciation expense

General government	\$ 883,803
Public safety	647,841
Public works	<u>2,762,701</u>
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	<u><u>\$ 4,294,345</u></u>

Capital asset activities for the water fund for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance 1/1/2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/2023
Business-type activities:				
Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 1,527,388	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,527,388
Water rights	9,816,922	-	-	9,816,922
Construction in progress	<u>1,501,448</u>	<u>136,665</u>	<u>1,107,103</u>	<u>531,010</u>
Total nondepreciable capital assets	<u>12,845,758</u>	<u>136,665</u>	<u>1,107,103</u>	<u>11,875,320</u>
Depreciable capital assets:				
Plant and equipment	34,992,487	-	-	34,992,487
Distribution system	6,604,290	1,107,103	-	7,711,393
Vehicles and equipment	<u>604,169</u>	<u>41,905</u>	<u>21,889</u>	<u>624,185</u>
Total depreciable capital assets	<u>42,200,946</u>	<u>1,149,008</u>	<u>21,889</u>	<u>43,328,065</u>
Total capital assets	<u>55,046,704</u>	<u>1,285,673</u>	<u>1,128,992</u>	<u>55,203,385</u>
Accumulated depreciation:				
Plant and equipment	16,381,804	960,097	-	17,341,901
Distribution system	5,712,162	211,822	-	5,923,984
Vehicles and equipment	<u>603,152</u>	<u>9,398</u>	<u>21,889</u>	<u>590,661</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>22,697,118</u>	<u>1,181,317</u>	<u>21,889</u>	<u>23,856,546</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u><u>\$ 32,349,586</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 104,356</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,107,103</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 31,346,839</u></u>

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-E. Interfund Transfers

Interfund Transfers - Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2023, consisted of the following:

Transfer to	Transfers from:				Total
	General fund	Transportation Device Fee fund	Preservation & Restoration fund	Capital Projects fund	
Debt service fund	\$ 3,335,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,335,000
Water fund	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects fund	8,000,000	-	-	-	8,000,000
Preservation & Restoration fund	-	-	-	-	-
General fund	-	163,000	110,000	-	273,000
Total	\$ 11,335,000	\$ 163,000	\$ 110,000	\$ -	\$ 11,608,000

Transfers are used to report revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; and to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service.

All City transfers either occur on a regular basis or are consistent with the purpose of the fund making the transfer.

3-F. Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities Bonds - The following is a summary of the outstanding long-term bonds at December 31, 2023.

2013 Device Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 - On December 18, 2013, the City issued device tax revenue bonds, in the amount of \$10,000,000, to acquire certain water rights and replace a water treatment plant. The Series 2013 bonds carry an interest rate of 4.17% with final maturity on December 1, 2033.

Annual debt service requirements to amortize this debt, as of December 31, 2023 follow:

Year	Series 2013		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	545,000	275,220	820,220
2025	570,000	252,494	822,494
2026	590,000	228,725	818,725
2027	615,000	204,122	819,122
2028	645,000	178,476	823,476
2029-2033	3,635,000	467,247	4,102,247
Total	\$ 6,600,000	\$ 1,606,284	\$ 8,206,284

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

2014 Device Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A - On January 9, 2014, the City issued device tax revenue bonds, in the amount of \$10,000,000, to fund certain road and infrastructure improvements along Gregory Street. The Series 2014A bonds carry an interest rate of 4.23% with final maturity on December 1, 2033.

Annual debt service requirements to amortize this debt, as of December 31, 2023 follow:

Year	Series 2014A		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	545,000	279,814	824,814
2025	565,000	256,761	821,761
2026	595,000	232,862	827,862
2027	620,000	207,693	827,693
2028	640,000	181,467	821,467
2029-2033	3,650,000	475,875	4,125,875
Total	<u>\$ 6,615,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,634,472</u>	<u>\$ 8,249,472</u>

2021 Lease Purchase Agreement, Series 2021 - On November 5, 2021, the City entered into a Lease Purchase Agreement in the amount of \$20,000,000. The Series 2021 bonds carry a 2.43% interest rate with a final maturity on November 5, 2036.

Annual debt service requirements to amortize this debt, as of December 31, 2023 follow:

Year	Series 2021		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	1,180,000	431,568	1,611,568
2025	1,205,000	402,894	1,607,894
2026	1,235,000	373,613	1,608,613
2027	1,265,000	343,602	1,608,602
2028	1,295,000	312,863	1,607,863
2029-2036	11,580,000	1,299,229	12,879,229
Total	<u>\$ 17,760,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,163,769</u>	<u>\$ 20,923,769</u>

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Changes in Long-term Debt - Changes in the City's long-term obligations consisted of the following for the year ended December 31, 2023:

Governmental Activities	<u>Outstanding 1/1/2023</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Outstanding 12/31/2023</u>	<u>Amounts Due in One Year</u>
2013 Device Tax Revenue Bonds	7,125,000	-	525,000	6,600,000	545,000
2014A Device Tax Revenue Bonds	7,135,000	-	520,000	6,615,000	545,000
2016 Device Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds	-	-	-	-	-
2021 Lease Purchase Proceeds	18,910,000	-	1,150,000	17,760,000	1,180,000
 Total Bonds	 33,170,000	 -	 2,195,000	 30,975,000	 2,270,000
Compensated Absences	829,004	971,253	1,013,853	786,404	154,341
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 33,999,004</u>	<u>\$ 971,253</u>	<u>\$ 3,208,853</u>	<u>\$ 31,761,404</u>	<u>\$ 2,424,341</u>
 Business-Type Activities					
Compensated Absences	45,797	78,421	115,011	9,207	1,807
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>\$ 45,797</u>	<u>\$ 78,421</u>	<u>\$ 115,011</u>	<u>\$ 9,207</u>	<u>\$ 1,807</u>

All bond obligations of the City's governmental activities will be financed through future debt service fund's expendable available financial sources as they become due. All lease obligations of the City's governmental activities will be financed through future general fund's expendable available financial sources as they become due. Principal and interest payments related to the City's water enterprise fund are financed from income derived from the operation of the water system. The compensated absences liability will be paid from the fund in which the employees' salaries are paid, generally the general fund and the water fund.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3-G. Net Investment in Capital Assets

The “net investment in capital assets” amounts reported on the government-wide statement of net position as of December 31, 2023 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business - Type Activities
Net investment in capital assets:		
Cost of capital assets	\$ 175,385,268	\$ 55,203,385
Less accumulated depreciation	57,000,252	23,856,546
Book value	118,385,016	31,346,839
Less capital related debt (net of premiums, (discounts) and (refunding amounts))	(30,975,000)	-
Less capital asset related accounts payable and retainage payable	(502,925)	-
Add unspent debt proceeds	8,869,957	-
Net investment in capital assets	<u>\$ 95,777,048</u>	<u>\$ 31,346,839</u>

3-H. Fund Equity

Fund Balances - Fund Balance are classified as follows:

- **Nonspendable** - The following fund balances are nonspendable because they are not in a spendable form:

General Fund:

Inventory.....	<u>\$ 126,031</u>
Prepaid Items	<u>\$ 185,500</u>

- **Restricted** - The following fund balances are legally restricted to specific purposes:

General Fund:

Emergency purposes	<u>\$ 1,043,000</u>
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Major Special Revenue Funds:

Preservation and Restoration Fund:

Preservation and restoration purposes	<u>\$ 14,110,402</u>
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Transportation Device Fee Trust Fund:

Transportation purposes	<u>\$ 562,220</u>
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Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:

Conservation Trust Fund:

Parks, recreation and open space purposes	<u>\$ 38,893</u>
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City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Major Debt Services Fund:

Debt Service Fund:

Repayment of debt principal and interest \$ 1,552,805

Major Capital Projects Funds:

Impact Fees Fund:

Parking, Fire and Police purposes \$ 10,947

- **Assigned** - The following fund balances are assigned by management for specific purposes:

Major Capital Projects Funds:

Capital Projects Fund:

Capital purposes \$ 9,255,588

Note 4 - Other Notes

4-A. Risk Management

The City is a member of the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA), a separate and independent governmental and legal entity, which was established pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement authorized by Colorado state statutes. The purposes of CIRSA are to provide property and casualty and workers' compensation insurance coverage and risk management services to its municipal members at a reasonable cost.

Members can participate actively in policy-making through the Board of Directors, which are nominated and elected by members; involvement on a number of board committees; and participation at annual general membership meetings. Operations are funded by individual membership contributions.

It is the intent of the members of CIRSA to create an entity in perpetuity which will administer and use funds contributed by the members to defend and indemnify, in accordance with the by-laws, any member of CIRSA against stated liability or loss, to the limit of the financial resources of CIRSA. Also, it is the intent of the members to have CIRSA provide continuing stability and availability of needed coverage at reasonable costs. All income and assets of CIRSA shall be dedicated to the exclusive benefit of its members. The by-laws shall constitute the substance of the intergovernmental contract among the members. The amount of settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the three previous years.

The City carries commercial insurance coverage for the other risks of loss including workers compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)

4-B. Contingent Liabilities

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could result in a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for costs disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowances, if any, will be minimal.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits at December 31, 2023. In the opinion of City management, the outcome of these contingencies will not have a material effect on the financial position of the City.

4-C. Pensions

The City sponsors two pension plans presented below.

Defined Contribution Plan - The employees of the City (except for paid firefighters) participate in ICMA Retirement Corporation Prototype Money Purchase Plan, which is a defined contribution plan, which was established by the City and is maintained and administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. At December 31, 2023, there were 77 plan members. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees become plan members upon the start of employment. Under this plan, up to 6.00% of the plan members' compensation is withheld and remitted to the Plan Administrator along with the matching payment of 6.00% from the City. The City's contributions plus earnings become fully vested after five years with partial vesting beginning after one year. City contributions for plan members who leave employment before they are fully vested are used to reduce the City's current period contribution requirement. There is no liability for benefits under the plan beyond the City's matching payments. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City's Board of Aldermen.

Contributions actually made by plan members for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$426,429, \$357,166, and \$360,887 and the City's contributions were \$448,133, \$379,561, and \$383,517 respectively.

4-D. FPPA Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Pensions. The City contributes to the Statewide Defined Benefit Pension Plan ("SWDB Plan"), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which is administered by the FPPA. The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SWDB Plan have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Assets of the SWDB Plan are commingled for investment purposes in the Fire and Police Member's Benefit Fund.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The SWDB Plan provides retirement benefits for members and beneficiaries according to plan provisions as enacted and governed by FPPA's Pension Fund Board of Trustees. Colorado Revised Statutes ("CRS"), as amended, establishes basic benefit provisions under the SWDB Plan. FPPA issues an annual, publicly-available financial report that includes the assets of the SWDB Plan. That report may be obtained on FPPA's website at <http://www.fppaco.org>.

Benefits provided. A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed twenty-five years of credited service and has attained the age of 55.

The annual normal retirement benefit is 2 percent of the average of the member's highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter. The benefit earned prior to January 1, 2007 for members of affiliated Social Security employers will be reduced by the amount of Social Security income payable to the member annually.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)

Effective January 1, 2007, members currently covered under Social Security will receive half the benefit when compared to the SWDB Plan. Benefits paid to retired members are evaluated and may be re-determined every October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the Board's discretion and can range from 0 to the higher of 3 percent or the Consumer Price Index.

A member is eligible for an early retirement at age 50 or after 30 years of service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5 percent as interest, returned as a lump sum distribution. Alternatively, a member with a least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the SWDP Plan and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 2 percent of the member's average highest three years' base salary for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter.

Contributions. Contribution rates for the SWDB Plan are set by state statute. Employer contribution rates can only be amended by state statute. Member contribution rates can be amended by state statute or election of the membership.

Members of the SWDB Plan and their employers are contributing at the rate of 12.0 percent and 9.5 percent, respectively, of base salary for a total contribution rate of 21.5 percent in 2023. In 2014, the members elected to increase the member contribution rate to the SWDB Plan beginning in 2015. Member contribution rates will increase 0.5 percent annually through 2022 to a total of 12.0 percent of base salary. Employer contributions will increase 0.5 percent annually through 2030 to a total of 13.0 percent resulting in a combined contribution rate of 25.0 percent in 2030.

Contributions from members and employers of departments reentering the system are established by resolution and approve by the FPPA Board of Directors. The re-entry group has a combined contribution rate of 23.0 percent of base salary in 2023. It is a local decision as to whether the member or employer pays the additional 4 percent contribution. Per the 2014 member election, the re-entry group will also have their required member contribution rate increase 0.5 percent annually beginning in 2015 through 2022 for a total combined member and employer contribution rate of 24 percent in 2023.

The contribution rate for members and employers of affiliated social security employers is 6.00 and 4.75 percent, respectively, of base salary for a total contribution rate of 10.75 percent in 2023. Per the 2014 member election, members of the affiliate social security group will have their required contribution rate increase 0.25 percent annually beginning in 2015 through 2022 to a total of 6 percent of base salary. Employer contributions will also increase by 0.25 percent annually through 2030 to a total of 6.50 percent resulting in a combined contribution rate of 12.50 percent in 2030.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At December 31, 2023, the City reported an asset in the amount of \$199,844 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2023. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's contributions to the SWDB Plan for the calendar year 2022 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the SWDB Plan.

At December 31, 2022, the City's proportion was 0.22515%, which was an increase of 0.01281% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2023 the City recognized pension expense of \$176,294. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 432,593	\$ 24,530
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 452,241	N/A
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	\$ 60,324	\$ 55,308
Change in assumption and other inputs	\$ 256,027	N/A
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 195,152	N/A
Total	\$ 1,396,337	\$ 79,838

\$195,152 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made subsequent to the measurement date but before the end of the City's reporting period, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal period rather than the current fiscal period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31	
2023	\$ 104,328
2024	\$ 192,548
2025	\$ 273,035
2026	\$ 375,757
2027	\$ 78,900
Thereafter	\$ 96,779

Actuarial assumptions. The actuarial valuations for the SWBP were used to determine the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022. The valuations used the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Total Pension Liability:

Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2023
Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	N/A
Amortization Period	N/A
Long-term investment Rate of Return*	7.00 percent
Projected salary increases*	4.25 – 11.25 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.00 percent
*Includes Inflation at 2.50%	

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)

Actuarially Determined Contributions:

Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2022
Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % of Payroll, Open
Amortization Period	30 Years
Long-term investment Rate of Return*	7.00 percent
Projected salary increases*	4.25 – 11.25 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.00 percent
*Includes Inflation at 2.50%	

For determining the total pension liability, the post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees uses the Pub-2010 Safety Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables projected with the ultimate values of the MP-2020 projection scale. The pre-retirement off-duty mortality tables are adjusted to 60% of the MP-2020 mortality tables for active employees. The on-duty mortality rate is 0.00015.

For determining the actuarially determined contributions, the post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees uses the 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and the projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. The pre-retirement off-duty mortality tables are adjusted to 50% of the RP-2014 mortality tables for active employees. The on-duty mortality rate is 0.00015.

At least every five years the FPPA's Board of Directors, in accordance with best practices, reviews its economic and demographic actuarial assumptions. At its July 2022 meeting, the Board of Directors reviewed and approved recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions. The recommendations were made by the FPPA's actuaries, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company, based upon their analysis of past experience and expectations of the future. The assumption changes were effective for actuarial valuations beginning January 1, 2023. The actuarial assumptions impact actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credit and other benefits where actuarial factors are used.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (assumed at 2.5 percent). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	35%	8.93%
Equity Long/Short	6%	7.47%
Private Markets	34%	10.31%
Fixed Income - Rates	10%	5.45%
Fixed Income - Credit	5%	6.90%
Absolute Return	9%	6.49%
Cash	1%	3.92%
Total	100%	

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 4 – Other Notes (Continued)

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the SWDB Plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment) to determine the total pension liability.

Discount rate. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%; the municipal bond rate is 4.05% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state & local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.00%.

Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the plan's net pension liability/(asset), calculated using a single discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	1% Decrease (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase (8.00%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,377,698	199,844	(\$ 775,801)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SWDB Plan's fiduciary net position is available in FPPA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at <http://www.fppaco.org>.

4-E. Subsequent Events

Significant 2023 budget authority has been appropriated for 2024 to complete capital projects initiated in 2023 for both the Capital Projects Fund and the Preservation and Restoration Fund.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Required Supplementary Information
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

	2023			2022	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 14,096,450	\$ 14,096,450	\$ 15,100,888	\$ 1,004,438	\$ 15,002,381
Intergovernmental	11,176,500	11,176,500	12,522,986	1,346,486	12,577,237
Licenses and permits	64,000	64,000	83,870	19,870	67,258
Charges for services	544,422	544,422	597,356	52,934	748,682
Fines and forfeitures	135,200	135,200	178,893	43,693	132,649
Investment earnings	40,000	40,000	385,986	345,986	112,052
Miscellaneous	120,000	120,000	65,631	(54,369)	219,729
Total Revenues	<u>26,176,572</u>	<u>26,176,572</u>	<u>28,935,610</u>	<u>2,759,038</u>	<u>28,859,988</u>
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	6,753,936	6,753,936	6,475,785	278,151	6,067,582
Planning	713,187	713,187	697,814	15,373	660,084
Public safety	9,480,037	9,480,037	8,977,960	502,077	8,414,005
Public works	4,051,386	4,051,386	3,650,345	401,041	3,316,220
Total Expenditures	<u>20,998,546</u>	<u>20,998,546</u>	<u>19,801,904</u>	<u>1,196,642</u>	<u>18,457,891</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>5,178,026</u>	<u>5,178,026</u>	<u>9,133,706</u>	<u>3,955,680</u>	<u>10,402,097</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	1,373,000	1,373,000	1,373,000	-	1,373,000
Transfers out	(11,335,000)	(11,335,000)	(11,335,000)	-	(3,053,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(9,962,000)</u>	<u>(9,962,000)</u>	<u>(9,962,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,680,000)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$ (4,783,974)</u>	<u>\$ (4,783,974)</u>	<u>(828,294)</u>	<u>\$ 3,955,680</u>	<u>8,722,097</u>
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			<u>24,451,682</u>		<u>15,729,585</u>
Fund Balances End of Year			<u>\$ 23,623,388</u>		<u>\$ 24,451,682</u>

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Required Supplementary Information
Preservation & Restoration Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

	2023			2022	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,104,257	\$ 4,104,257	\$ 4,801,629	\$ 697,372	\$ 4,320,270
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	12,000	12,000	210,774	198,774	61,949
Miscellaneous	-	-	1,200	1,200	600
Total Revenues	<u>4,116,257</u>	<u>4,116,257</u>	<u>5,013,603</u>	<u>897,346</u>	<u>4,382,819</u>
Expenditures					
Current:					
Programs	-	-	400,432	(400,432)	-
Capital Outlay	<u>12,395,000</u>	<u>12,395,000</u>	<u>2,505,138</u>	<u>9,889,862</u>	<u>3,874,191</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>12,395,000</u>	<u>12,395,000</u>	<u>2,905,570</u>	<u>9,489,430</u>	<u>3,874,191</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(8,278,743)	(8,278,743)	2,108,033	10,386,776	508,628
Other Financing Uses					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	<u>(110,000)</u>	<u>(110,000)</u>	<u>(110,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(110,000)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$ (8,388,743)</u>	<u>\$ (8,388,743)</u>	1,998,033	<u>\$ 10,386,776</u>	398,628
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			<u>12,112,369</u>		<u>11,713,741</u>
Fund Balances End of Year			<u>\$ 14,110,402</u>		<u>\$ 12,112,369</u>

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Required Supplementary Information
Transportation Device Fee Trust Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

	2023			2022	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 311,744	\$ 281,744	\$ 326,876
Intergovernmental	379,456	379,456	112,884	(266,572)	183,014
Fees	245,000	245,000	245,000	-	229,682
Investment earnings	1,000	1,000	10,325	9,325	2,944
Total Revenues	<u>655,456</u>	<u>655,456</u>	<u>679,953</u>	<u>24,497</u>	<u>742,516</u>
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public Works	<u>934,820</u>	<u>934,820</u>	<u>564,468</u>	<u>370,352</u>	<u>483,317</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>934,820</u>	<u>934,820</u>	<u>564,468</u>	<u>370,352</u>	<u>483,317</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(279,364)	(279,364)	115,485	394,849	259,199
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers Out	<u>(163,000)</u>	<u>(163,000)</u>	<u>(163,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(163,000)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$ (442,364)</u>	<u>\$ (442,364)</u>	<u>(47,515)</u>	<u>\$ 394,849</u>	<u>96,199</u>
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			<u>609,735</u>		<u>513,536</u>
Fund Balances End of Year			<u>\$ 562,220</u>		<u>\$ 609,735</u>

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Required Supplementary Information
Business Improvement District Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

	2023			2022	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 234
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	19,765
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	-	-	-	-	19,999
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	-	1,695,651
Debt Service:					
Principal	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	-	-	-	-	1,695,651
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	-	<u>\$ -</u>	(1,675,652)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			-		1,675,652
Fund Balances End of Year			<u>\$ -</u>		<u>\$ -</u>

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share
Statewide Defined Benefit Plan
For the Years Ended December 31,

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.22515%	0.21234%	0.22299%	0.24156%	0.23252%	0.24777%	0.26760%	0.28892%	0.30502%
City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 199,844	\$ 1,150,761	\$ (484,122)	\$ (136,619)	\$ 293,969	\$ (356,452)	\$ 96,695	\$ (5,093)	\$ (344,239)
City's covered payroll	1,962,510	1,709,406	1,791,113	1,780,400	1,557,550	1,449,263	1,369,538	1,398,613	1,371,688
City's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	10.18%	67.32%	-27.03%	-7.67%	18.87%	-24.60%	7.06%	-0.4%	-25.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	97.6%	116.2%	106.7%	101.9%	95.2%	106.3%	98.2%	100.1%	106.8%

Notes:

This schedule is reported as of December 31, as that is the plan year end. The measurement period preceeds the reporting period by one year.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Schedule of the City's Contributions
Statewide Defined Benefit Plan
For the Years Ended December 31,

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 195,152	\$ 176,294	\$ 145,300	\$ 143,289	\$ 142,432	\$ 124,604	\$ 115,941	\$ 109,563	\$ 111,889	\$ 109,735
Contributions in relation to the Statutorily required contributions	195,152	176,294	145,300	143,289	142,432	124,604	115,941	109,563	111,889	109,735
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 2,054,232	\$ 1,962,510	\$ 1,709,406	\$ 1,791,113	\$ 1,780,400	\$ 1,557,550	\$ 1,449,263	\$ 1,369,538	\$ 1,398,613	\$ 1,371,688
Contributions as a % of covered payroll	9.50%	8.98%	8.50%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Note 1 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The general fund adopts an annual budget on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except that the inception of leases and the related capital outlay are not budgeted. Also, debt service expenditures related to leases are budgeted within the public works function budget, rather than separately as debt service expenditures.

The preservation and restoration, the transportation authority and the business improvement district funds adopt annual budget on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
General Fund
Comparative Balance Sheet
December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,086,794	\$ 23,510,656
Receivables:		
Accounts	155,963	290,803
Property taxes	12,597	10,576
Other taxes	1,362,252	1,329,989
Inventory	126,013	126,251
Prepaid items	185,500	548,979
Total Assets	\$ 24,929,119	\$ 25,817,254
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 705,893	\$ 703,533
Retainage payable	-	-
Accrued expenditures	450,564	432,226
Refundable deposits	136,677	219,237
Total Liabilities	1,293,134	1,354,996
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property taxes	12,597	10,576
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,597	10,576
Fund Balances		
Restricted	1,043,000	1,021,000
Nonspendable	311,513	675,230
Assigned	-	-
Unassigned	22,268,875	22,755,452
Total Fund Balances	23,623,388	24,451,682
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 24,929,119	\$ 25,817,254

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
General Fund
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances
For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 15,100,888	\$ 15,002,381
Intergovernmental	12,522,986	12,577,237
Licenses and permits	83,870	67,258
Charges for services	597,356	748,682
Fines and forfeitures	178,893	132,649
Investment earnings	385,986	112,052
Miscellaneous	65,631	219,729
Total Revenues	28,935,610	28,859,988
Expenditures		
Current:		
General government	6,475,785	6,067,582
Planning	697,814	660,084
Public safety	8,977,960	8,414,005
Public works	3,650,345	3,316,220
Total Expenditures	19,801,904	18,457,891
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	9,133,706	10,402,097
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers in	1,373,000	1,373,000
Transfers out	(11,335,000)	(3,053,000)
Lease Purchase Financing	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,962,000)	(1,680,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(828,294)	8,722,097
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	24,451,682	15,729,585
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 23,623,388	\$ 24,451,682

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

	2023			2022	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Taxes					
Property	\$ 10,500	\$ 10,500	\$ 10,525	\$ 25	\$ 10,517
Specific ownership	750	750	540	(210)	702
Road and bridge	130,000	130,000	125,294	(4,706)	125,515
Sales, use and lodging	6,105,000	6,105,000	7,367,041	1,262,041	6,897,073
Franchise	150,000	150,000	159,736	9,736	155,115
Device fees	7,674,200	7,674,200	7,421,637	(252,563)	7,781,398
Occupational	26,000	26,000	16,115	(9,885)	32,061
Total Taxes	14,096,450	14,096,450	15,100,888	1,004,438	15,002,381
Licenses and Permits					
Business licenses	21,400	21,400	10,924	(10,476)	24,563
Building permits	42,000	42,000	61,346	19,346	41,495
Other	600	600	11,600	11,000	1,200
Total Licenses and Permits	64,000	64,000	83,870	19,870	67,258
Intergovernmental					
Gaming	11,000,000	11,000,000	12,328,474	1,328,474	12,313,295
Highway users	18,000	18,000	18,106	106	16,802
Cigarette taxes	8,500	8,500	10,376	1,876	6,534
Grants	150,000	150,000	166,030	16,030	240,606
Total Intergovernmental	11,176,500	11,176,500	12,522,986	1,346,486	12,577,237
Charges for Services					
Plan review fees	33,000	33,000	41,007	8,007	192,271
Silver Dollar Metro District	321,422	321,422	321,421	(1)	357,074
Black Hawk transportation	-	-	-	-	-
Gilpin Ambulance Authority	-	-	82,196	82,196	33,980
Rents	190,000	190,000	152,732	(37,268)	165,357
Total Charges for Services	544,422	544,422	597,356	52,934	748,682
Fines and Forfeitures					
Municipal court	12,000	12,000	18,274	6,274	12,785
County court	-	-	-	-	-
Parking	200	200	730	530	90
Police department services	120,000	120,000	154,811	34,811	116,312
Victim service surcharge	3,000	3,000	5,078	2,078	3,462
Total Fines and Forfeitures	135,200	135,200	178,893	43,693	132,649
Investment Earnings	40,000	40,000	385,986	345,986	112,052
Miscellaneous	120,000	120,000	65,631	-	219,729
Total Revenue	26,176,572	26,176,572	28,935,610	2,813,407	28,859,988

(continued)

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

(continued)

	2023			2022	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual
Expenditures					
General Government					
Mayor and Council					
Personal services	\$ 343,692	\$ 343,692	\$ 346,689	\$ (2,997)	\$ 335,786
Program services	3,624,362	3,624,362	3,335,110	289,252	3,196,429
Total Mayor and Council	3,968,054	3,968,054	3,681,799	286,255	3,532,215
Municipal Court					
Personal services	70,808	70,808	72,526	(1,718)	63,037
Professional services	23,700	23,700	16,752	6,948	15,850
Purchased services	600	600	396	204	297
Program services	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies	3,000	3,000	1,583	1,417	2,895
Total Municipal Court	98,108	98,108	91,257	6,851	82,079
City Manager					
Personal services	290,884	290,884	306,084	(15,200)	288,458
Professional services	-	-	-	-	-
General services	-	-	-	-	-
Purchased services	6,700	6,700	6,110	590	7,146
Program services	1,000	1,000	2,275	(1,275)	660
Vehicle operation and maintenance	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies	700	700	471	229	434
Total City Manager	299,284	299,284	314,940	(15,656)	296,698
City Clerk					
Personal services	586,261	586,261	616,560	(30,299)	547,499
Professional services	5,000	5,000	72,059	(67,059)	73,523
General services	-	-	-	-	-
Purchased services	503,500	503,500	511,100	(7,600)	435,074
Program services	182,000	182,000	107,034	74,966	67,662
Supplies	21,600	21,600	7,661	13,939	7,451
Total City Clerk	1,298,361	1,298,361	1,314,414	(16,053)	1,131,209
Total carried forward	5,663,807	5,663,807	5,402,410	261,397	5,042,201

(continued)

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

(continued)

	2023			2022	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual
Total brought forward	\$ 5,663,807	\$ 5,663,807	\$ 5,402,410	\$ 261,397	\$ 5,042,201
Expenditures					
General Government					
IT					
Personal services	341,366	341,366	353,513	(12,147)	338,251
Professional services	5,000	5,000	488	4,512	-
General services	32,100	32,100	22,839	9,261	27,510
Purchased services	152,000	152,000	125,229	26,771	146,575
Program services	7,500	7,500	-	7,500	7,080
Supplies	66,800	66,800	70,832	(4,032)	40,971
Total MIS	604,766	604,766	572,901	31,865	560,387
Finance					
Personal services	394,113	394,113	405,883	(11,770)	380,232
Professional services	87,000	87,000	91,608	(4,608)	81,661
General services	-	-	-	-	-
Purchased services	250	250	83	167	103
Program services	2,000	2,000	1,103	897	728
Supplies	2,000	2,000	1,797	203	2,270
Total Finance	485,363	485,363	500,474	(15,111)	464,994
Total General Government	6,753,936	6,753,936	6,475,785	278,151	6,067,582
Planning					
Personal services	327,877	327,877	354,716	(26,839)	312,795
Professional services	365,000	365,000	333,106	31,894	334,939
General services	-	-	-	-	-
Vehicle operation and maintenance	2,000	2,000	1,262	738	1,376
Purchased services	2,010	2,010	1,658	352	1,685
Program services	7,000	7,000	3,373	3,627	3,352
Supplies	9,300	9,300	3,699	5,601	5,937
Total Planning	713,187	713,187	697,814	15,373	660,084
Public Safety					
Police					
Personal services	5,241,041	5,241,041	4,716,096	524,945	4,469,468
Professional services	84,000	84,000	56,293	27,707	46,618
General services	75,000	75,000	43,729	31,271	71,279
Vehicle operation and maintenance	56,000	56,000	42,979	13,021	47,828
Purchased services	50,500	50,500	57,883	(7,383)	40,198
Program services	-	-	-	-	-
Supplies	247,160	247,160	222,605	24,555	175,460
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Total Police	5,753,701	5,753,701	5,139,585	614,116	4,850,851
Total carried forward	13,220,824	13,220,824	12,313,184	907,640	11,578,517

(continued)

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

(continued)

	2023			2022	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual
Total brought forward	\$ 13,220,824	\$ 13,220,824	\$ 12,313,184	\$ 907,640	\$ 11,578,517
Expenditures					
Public Safety					
Fire					
Personal services	3,399,736	3,399,736	3,596,877	(197,141)	3,284,272
Professional services	123,000	123,000	43,787	79,213	104,528
General services	14,000	14,000	8,641	5,359	14,442
Vehicle operation and maintenance	27,000	27,000	47,637	(20,637)	27,453
Purchased services	59,900	59,900	45,035	14,865	38,814
Program services	2,000	2,000	1,156	844	177
Supplies	100,700	100,700	95,242	5,458	93,468
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Total Fire	3,726,336	3,726,336	3,838,375	(112,039)	3,563,154
Total Public Safety	9,480,037	9,480,037	8,977,960	502,077	8,414,005
Public Works					
Personal services	2,813,836	2,813,836	2,548,778	265,058	2,349,325
Professional services	76,300	76,300	28,130	48,170	36,325
General services	788,500	788,500	809,064	(20,564)	666,082
Vehicle operation and maintenance	114,750	114,750	149,038	(34,288)	136,529
Purchased services	31,000	31,000	4,251	26,749	18,579
Program services	5,000	5,000	2,828	2,172	2,799
Supplies	147,000	147,000	105,932	41,068	82,270
Capital outlay	75,000	75,000	2,324	72,676	24,311
Total Public Works	4,051,386	4,051,386	3,650,345	401,041	3,316,220
Total Expenditures	20,998,546	20,998,546	19,801,904	1,196,642	18,457,891
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	5,178,026	5,178,026	9,133,706	4,010,049	10,402,097
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	1,373,000	1,373,000	1,373,000	-	1,373,000
Transfers out	(11,335,000)	(11,335,000)	(11,335,000)	-	(3,053,000)
Lease Purchase Financing	-	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,962,000)	(9,962,000)	(9,962,000)	-	(1,680,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$ (4,783,974)</u>	<u>\$ (4,783,974)</u>	(828,294)	<u>\$ 4,010,049</u>	8,722,097
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			24,451,682		15,729,585
Fund Balances End of Year			<u>\$ 23,623,388</u>		<u>\$ 24,451,682</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Preservation and Restoration Fund
Comparative Balance Sheet
December 31, 2023 and 2022

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,184,414	\$ 12,557,779
Total Assets	<u>\$ 14,184,414</u>	<u>\$ 12,557,779</u>
 Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 74,012	\$ 268,121
Grant tax payable	-	12,536
Retainage payable	-	164,753
Total Liabilities	<u>74,012</u>	<u>445,410</u>
 Fund Balances		
Restricted	<u>14,110,402</u>	<u>12,112,369</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>14,110,402</u>	<u>12,112,369</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 14,184,414</u>	<u>\$ 12,557,779</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Transportation Device Fee Trust Fund
Comparative Balance Sheet
December 31, 2023 and 2022

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 574,089	\$ 596,675
Accounts Receivable - Other taxes	<u>26,760</u>	<u>45,816</u>
Total Assets	<u><u>\$ 600,849</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 642,491</u></u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	<u>\$ 38,629</u>	<u>\$ 32,756</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>38,629</u>	<u>32,756</u>
Fund Balances		
Restricted	<u>562,220</u>	<u>609,735</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u><u>\$ 600,849</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 642,491</u></u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Business Improvement District Fund
Comparative Balance Sheet
December 31, 2023 and 2022

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	-	-
Receivable - County Treasurer	-	-
Prepaid expenses	-	-
Property taxes receivables	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property taxes	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances		
Restricted:		
Emergencies	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-
Unassigned	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Conservation Fund
Comparative Balance Sheet
December 31, 2023 and 2022

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 38,893</u>	<u>\$ 36,470</u>
Fund Balances		
Restricted	<u>\$ 38,893</u>	<u>\$ 36,470</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Conservation Fund
Schedule of Revenues and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

	2023				2022
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,600	\$ 1,772	\$ 172	\$ 1,624
Investment earnings	50	50	651	601	178
Total Revenues	1,650	1,650	2,423	773	1,802
Expenditures					
Current					
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>\$ 1,650</u>	<u>\$ 1,650</u>	2,423	<u>\$ 773</u>	1,802
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			<u>36,470</u>		<u>34,668</u>
Fund Balances End of Year			<u>\$ 38,893</u>		<u>\$ 36,470</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Debt Service Fund
Comparative Balance Sheet
December 31, 2023 and 2022

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 231,305	\$ (59,285)
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	<u>1,321,500</u>	<u>1,426,000</u>
Total Assets	<u><u>\$ 1,552,805</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,366,715</u></u>
Fund Balances		
Restricted	<u><u>\$ 1,552,805</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,366,715</u></u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Debt Service Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

	2023			2022
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
				Actual
Revenues				
Investment earnings	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 104,525	\$ 99,525
				\$ 29,433
Expenditures				
Debt Service:				
Principal retirement	2,195,000	2,195,000	2,195,000	-
Bond issue costs	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	1,058,437	1,058,437	1,058,435	2
				1,162,231
Total Expenditures	3,253,437	3,253,437	3,253,435	2
				3,257,231
(Deficiency of Revenues (Under) Expenditures)	(3,248,437)	(3,248,437)	(3,148,910)	99,527
				(3,227,798)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	3,335,000	3,335,000	3,335,000	-
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	-	-
Payment to escrow agent	-	-	-	-
				-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,335,000	3,335,000	3,335,000	-
				3,053,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 86,563	\$ 86,563	186,090	\$ 99,527
				(174,798)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			1,366,715	1,541,513
Fund Balances End of Year			\$ 1,552,805	\$ 1,366,715

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Impact Fee Fund
Comparative Balance Sheet
December 31, 2023 and 2022

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 10,947</u>	<u>\$ 10,759</u>
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -
Retainage payable	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities	-	-
Fund Balances		
Restricted	<u>\$ 10,947</u>	<u>\$ 10,759</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 10,947</u>	<u>\$ 10,759</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Impact Fee Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

	2023			2022	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Impact fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 825
Investment earnings	10	10	188	178	53
Total Revenues	10	10	188	178	878
Expenditures					
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>\$ 10</u>	<u>\$ 10</u>	188	<u>\$ 178</u>	878
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			<u>10,759</u>		<u>9,881</u>
Fund Balances End of Year			<u>\$ 10,947</u>		<u>\$ 10,759</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Capital Projects Fund
Comparative Balance Sheet
December 31, 2023 and 2022

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,749,207	\$ 5,761,247
Accounts Receivable	-	-
Prepaid Expenses	-	-
Total Assets	<u>\$ 9,749,207</u>	<u>\$ 5,761,247</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 445,473	\$ 13,841
Retainage payable	48,146	221,674
Total Liabilities	493,619	235,515
Fund Balances		
Assigned	9,255,588	5,525,732
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 9,749,207</u>	<u>\$ 5,761,247</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

	2023			2022	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Actual
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Investment earnings	5,000	5,000	126,145	121,145	30,040
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Total Operating Revenue	5,000	5,000	126,145	121,145	30,040
Expenditures					
Capital Outlay	11,330,500	11,330,500	4,396,289	6,934,211	3,095,771
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(11,325,500)	(11,325,500)	(4,270,144)	7,055,356	(3,065,731)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In: General fund	8,000,000	8,000,000	8,000,000	-	-
Transfers Out: General fund	-	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$ (3,325,500)</u>	<u>\$ (3,325,500)</u>	3,729,856	<u>\$ 7,055,356</u>	(3,065,731)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year			5,525,732		8,591,463
Fund Balances End of Year			<u>\$ 9,255,588</u>		<u>\$ 5,525,732</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Water Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes
in Fund Net Position - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) Budgetary Basis
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023
(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

	2023			2022
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Actual
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 3,202,000	\$ 3,202,000	\$ 3,195,575	\$ (6,425)
Miscellaneous	-	-	12,755	12,755
Total Operating Revenues	<u>3,202,000</u>	<u>3,202,000</u>	<u>3,208,330</u>	<u>6,330</u>
Operating Expenses				
Personal services	1,120,999	1,120,999	1,011,404	109,595
Professional services	435,000	435,000	205,701	229,299
General services	358,500	358,500	280,971	77,529
Program services	8,000	8,000	1,856	6,144
Purchased services	22,700	22,700	21,298	1,402
Supplies	119,900	119,900	118,936	964
Repairs and maintenance	643,500	643,500	476,308	167,192
Capital outlay - capitalized and noncapitalized	7,234,000	7,234,000	433,131	6,800,869
Total Operating Expenses	<u>9,942,599</u>	<u>9,942,599</u>	<u>2,549,605</u>	<u>7,392,994</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>(6,740,599)</u>	<u>(6,740,599)</u>	<u>658,725</u>	<u>7,399,324</u>
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment earnings	10,000	10,000	169,209	159,209
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>169,209</u>	<u>159,209</u>
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	<u>(6,730,599)</u>	<u>(6,730,599)</u>	<u>827,934</u>	<u>7,558,533</u>
Transfers In	-	-	-	-
Capital Contributions - System Development Fees	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(1,100,000)	(1,100,000)	(1,100,000)	-
Change in Net Position - Budgetary Basis	<u>\$ (7,830,599)</u>	<u>\$ (7,830,599)</u>	<u>(272,066)</u>	<u>\$ 7,558,533</u>
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis - Change in Net Position				
Deduct:				
Depreciation			(1,181,317)	(1,191,771)
Add:				
Capitalized capital outlay			178,570	474,154
Change in Net Position - GAAP Basis			<u>(1,274,813)</u>	<u>(1,061,726)</u>
Net Position Beginning of Year			<u>42,260,991</u>	<u>43,322,717</u>
Net Position End of Year			<u>\$ 40,986,178</u>	<u>\$ 42,260,991</u>

See accompanying independent auditor's report

City of Black Hawk, Colorado

Introduction to Statistical Section

(Unaudited)

This part of the City of Black Hawk's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding this year's financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary information. This information has not been audited by the independent auditor. In 2007, the Black Hawk Business Improvement District, a component unit, was reclassified from discretely presented to blended pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Contents

Exhibit

Financial Trends

I - XII

These tables contain trend information that may assist the reader in assessing the City's current financial performance by placing it in a historical perspective. Since a significant funding source for the City is state aid relating to the City's share of state gaming taxes, a trend table presenting this revenue has been added.

Revenue Capacity

XIII - XVI

These tables contain information that may assist the reader in assessing the viability of the City's two most significant "own-source" revenue sources, gaming device taxes and sales taxes. Property taxes are not a major revenue for the City, therefore, the tables relating to the City's property taxes are not presented.

Debt Capacity

XVII - XX

These tables present information that may assist the reader in analyzing the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

XXI - XXVII

These tables offer economic and demographic indicators that are commonly used for financial analysis and that can inform one's understanding the City's present and ongoing financial status. Since the gaming industry is competitive between three authorized gaming cities within the State of Colorado, selected comparison tables are presented for gaming information.

Operating Information

XXVIII - XXX

These tables contain service and infrastructure indicators that can inform one's understanding how the information in the City's financial statements relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Data Source:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the annual financial reports for the relevant years included.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities
Last Ten Calendar Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Expenses:										
General government	\$ 6,053,960	\$ 5,154,848	\$ 6,543,558	\$ 6,232,688	\$ 6,630,079	\$ 6,747,274	\$ 5,648,826	\$ 6,826,509	\$ 8,195,332	\$ 6,939,397
Planning	640,850	514,249	586,746	1,639,349	660,614	772,442	744,287	755,956	652,979	691,821
Public safety	6,431,982	6,532,127	6,883,168	7,283,620	7,376,206	7,741,781	7,710,328	8,198,209	8,928,318	9,553,660
Public works	5,298,908	5,479,357	5,116,325	5,723,860	5,569,920	5,823,921	5,442,404	6,364,797	6,951,433	7,487,979
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	1,707,575	1,333,559	1,105,780	990,495	932,211	870,948	808,387	933,580	1,153,581	1,052,449
Total Expenses	20,133,275	19,014,140	20,235,577	21,870,012	21,169,030	21,956,366	20,354,232	23,079,051	25,881,643	25,725,306
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services:										
Plan review fees	70,782	19,158	34,002	722,339	287,227	253,681	297,972	242,688	192,271	41,007
Building permits	103,197	30,248	57,753	1,219,068	441,400	88,202	64,693	51,000	41,495	61,346
Impact fees	-	-	21,390	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation fees	-	-	266,600	267,399	208,199	201,607	56,992	-	-	-
Other	528,909	443,624	487,150	453,264	552,823	589,460	511,683	640,152	945,330	1,002,766
Operating grants and contributions	3,515,797	3,739,416	3,889,572	3,851,678	4,134,420	4,010,962	2,342,712	4,561,689	4,762,316	5,100,421
Capital grants and contributions ¹	400,431	341,355	33,107	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Program Revenues	4,619,116	4,573,801	4,789,574	6,513,748	5,624,069	5,143,912	3,274,052	5,495,529	5,941,412	6,205,540
Net (Expense) Revenue	(15,514,159)	(14,440,339)	(15,446,003)	(15,356,264)	(15,544,961)	(16,812,454)	(17,080,180)	(17,583,522)	(19,940,231)	(19,519,766)
General Revenues:										
Taxes:										
Property and specific ownership taxes	161,294	163,998	561,790	729,730	1,012,708	1,040,482	1,291,828	1,349,999	11,453	11,065
Sales and use taxes	3,220,682	3,573,353	3,535,442	3,913,989	4,328,847	6,073,484	3,490,557	6,225,627	6,897,073	7,367,041
Road and bridge taxes	90,711	88,051	97,394	98,451	100,666	100,889	124,412	128,308	125,515	125,294
Device taxes	8,663,562	8,410,437	7,849,034	7,982,553	8,633,162	8,304,755	4,716,435	7,110,600	8,108,274	7,733,381
Franchise taxes	176,667	162,974	164,524	162,966	162,162	134,037	124,208	149,757	155,115	159,736
Other	17,545	51,430	22,867	14,552	47,181	41,248	48,841	34,073	32,061	16,115
Gaming	6,957,400	7,436,400	7,933,146	7,937,140	8,497,859	8,403,874	5,036,466	7,945,514	12,313,295	12,328,474
Investment earnings	90,255	101,812	131,450	161,176	235,759	516,689	171,512	19,320	256,414	838,594
Miscellaneous	1,008,284	364,247	445,978	408,876	427,488	398,172	264,831	1,826,683	226,863	77,207
Total General Revenues	20,386,400	20,352,702	20,741,625	21,409,433	23,445,832	25,013,630	15,269,090	24,789,881	28,126,063	28,656,907
Transfers ²	(8,500,000)	-	-	-	-	-	750,000	(4,250,000)	1,100,000	1,100,000
Total General Revenues and Transfers	11,886,400	20,352,702	20,741,625	21,409,433	23,445,832	25,013,630	16,019,090	20,539,881	29,226,063	29,756,907
Special Item	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change in Net Position	\$ (3,627,759)	\$ 5,912,363	\$ 5,295,622	\$ 6,053,169	\$ 7,900,871	\$ 8,201,176	\$ (1,061,090)	\$ 2,956,359	\$ 9,285,832	\$ 10,237,141

Notes:

¹ The majority of these revenues are the City's share of State gaming revenue set

² Transfers (To)/From Water Fund.

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities - Percentage of Total
Last Ten Calendar Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Expenses:										
General government	30.1%	27.1%	32.3%	28.5%	31.3%	30.7%	27.8%	29.6%	31.7%	27.0%
Planning	3.2%	2.7%	2.9%	7.5%	3.1%	3.5%	3.7%	3.3%	2.5%	2.7%
Public safety	31.9%	34.4%	34.0%	33.3%	34.8%	35.3%	37.9%	35.5%	34.5%	37.1%
Public works	26.3%	28.8%	25.3%	26.2%	26.3%	26.5%	26.7%	27.6%	26.9%	29.1%
Interest and fiscal charges	8.5%	7.0%	5.5%	4.5%	4.4%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	4.5%	4.1%
Total Expenses	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services:										
Plan review fees	1.5%	0.4%	0.7%	11.1%	5.1%	4.9%	9.1%	4.4%	3.2%	0.7%
Building permits	2.2%	0.7%	1.2%	18.7%	7.8%	1.7%	2.0%	0.9%	0.7%	1.0%
Impact fees	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Transportation fees	0.0%	0.0%	5.6%	4.1%	3.7%	3.9%	1.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	11.5%	9.7%	10.2%	7.0%	9.8%	11.5%	15.6%	11.6%	15.9%	16.2%
Operating grants and contributions	76.1%	81.8%	81.2%	59.1%	73.5%	78.0%	71.6%	83.0%	80.2%	82.2%
Capital grants and contributions	8.7%	7.5%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Program Revenues	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
General Revenues:										
Taxes:										
Property and specific ownership taxes	0.8%	0.8%	2.7%	3.4%	4.3%	4.2%	8.5%	5.4%	0.0%	0.0%
Sales and use taxes	15.8%	17.6%	17.0%	18.3%	18.5%	24.3%	22.9%	25.1%	24.5%	25.7%
Road and bridge taxes	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.8%	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%
Device taxes	42.5%	41.3%	37.8%	37.3%	36.8%	33.2%	30.9%	28.7%	28.8%	27.0%
Franchise taxes	0.9%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%	0.7%	0.5%	0.8%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%
Other	0.1%	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Gaming	34.1%	36.5%	38.2%	37.1%	36.2%	33.6%	33.0%	32.1%	43.8%	43.0%
Investment earnings	0.4%	0.5%	0.6%	0.8%	1.0%	2.1%	1.1%	0.1%	0.9%	2.9%
Miscellaneous	4.9%	1.8%	2.2%	1.9%	1.8%	1.6%	1.7%	7.4%	0.8%	0.3%
Total General Revenues	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Changes in Net Position - Business-type Activities
Last Ten Calendar Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Expenses:										
Water	\$ 3,731,731	\$ 3,756,621	\$ 3,612,095	\$ 3,062,700	\$ 3,857,312	\$ 3,112,203	\$ 3,097,224	\$ 2,979,548	\$ 3,351,318	\$ 3,552,352
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services - water	2,792,603	2,754,939	2,793,711	2,721,311	2,581,413	2,564,993	2,372,008	3,008,757	3,185,121	3,195,575
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	-	2,842,141	-	-	84,835	-	155,368	-
Total Program Revenues	2,792,603	2,754,939	2,793,711	5,563,452	2,581,413	2,564,993	2,456,843	3,008,757	3,340,489	3,195,575
Net (Expense) Revenue	\$ (939,128)	\$ (1,001,682)	\$ (818,384)	\$ 2,500,752	\$ (1,275,899)	\$ (547,210)	\$ (640,381)	\$ 29,209	\$ (10,829)	\$ (356,777)
General Revenues:										
Investment earnings	9,050	8,923	9,024	23,021	35,287	79,996	29,866	3,830	49,103	169,209
Miscellaneous ¹	75,700	(323,742)	232,440	-	2,670	3,603	-	-	-	12,755
Total General Revenues	84,750	(314,819)	241,464	23,021	37,957	83,599	29,866	3,830	49,103	181,964
Transfers In / (Out)	8,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	(750,000)	4,250,000	(1,100,000)	(1,100,000)
Total General Revenues and Transfers	8,584,750	(314,819)	241,464	23,021	37,957	83,599	(720,134)	4,253,830	(1,050,897)	(918,036)
Change in Net Position	\$ 7,645,622	\$ (1,316,501)	\$ (576,920)	\$ 2,523,773	\$ (1,237,942)	\$ (463,611)	\$ (1,360,515)	\$ 4,283,039	\$ (1,061,726)	\$ (1,274,813)

Notes:

1 In 2015, the loss is due to old water plant removed from service

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Changes in Net Position - Total
Last Ten Calendar Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Expenses:										
Governmental activities	\$ 20,133,275	\$ 19,014,140	\$ 20,235,577	\$ 21,870,012	\$ 21,169,030	\$ 21,956,366	\$ 20,354,232	\$ 23,079,051	\$ 25,881,643	\$ 25,725,306
Business-type activities	3,731,731	3,756,621	3,612,095	3,062,700	3,857,312	3,112,203	3,097,224	2,979,548	3,351,318	3,552,352
Total Primary Government Expenses	23,865,006	22,770,761	23,847,672	24,932,712	25,026,342	25,068,569	23,451,456	26,058,599	29,232,961	29,277,658
Program Revenues:										
Governmental activities	4,619,116	4,573,801	4,789,574	6,513,748	5,624,069	5,143,912	3,274,052	5,495,529	5,941,412	6,205,540
Business-type activities	2,792,603	2,754,939	2,793,711	5,563,452	2,581,413	2,564,993	2,456,843	3,008,757	3,340,489	3,195,575
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	7,411,719	7,328,740	7,583,285	12,077,200	8,205,482	7,708,905	5,730,895	8,504,286	9,281,901	9,401,115
Net (Expense) Revenue										
Governmental activities	(15,514,159)	(14,440,339)	(15,446,003)	(15,356,264)	(15,544,961)	(16,812,454)	(17,080,180)	(17,583,522)	(19,940,231)	(19,519,766)
Business-type activities	(939,128)	(1,001,682)	(818,384)	2,500,752	(1,275,899)	(547,210)	(640,381)	29,209	(10,829)	(356,777)
Total Primary Government Net (Expense) Revenue	(16,453,287)	(15,442,021)	(16,264,387)	(12,855,512)	(16,820,860)	(17,359,664)	(17,720,561)	(17,554,313)	(19,951,060)	(19,876,543)
General Revenues and Transfers:										
Governmental activities	11,886,400	20,352,702	20,741,625	21,409,433	23,445,832	25,013,630	16,019,090	20,539,881	29,226,063	29,756,907
Business-type activities	8,584,750	(314,819)	241,464	23,021	37,957	83,599	(720,134)	4,253,830	(1,050,897)	(918,036)
Total Primary Government General Revenues and Transfers	20,471,150	20,037,883	20,983,089	21,432,454	23,483,789	25,097,229	15,298,956	24,793,711	28,175,166	28,838,871
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	(3,627,759)	5,912,363	5,295,622	6,053,169	7,900,871	8,201,176	(1,061,090)	2,956,359	9,285,832	10,237,141
Business-type activities	7,645,622	(1,316,501)	(576,920)	2,523,773	(1,237,942)	(463,611)	(1,360,515)	4,283,039	(1,061,726)	(1,274,813)
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$ 4,017,863	\$ 4,595,862	\$ 4,718,702	\$ 8,576,942	\$ 6,662,929	\$ 7,737,565	\$ (2,421,605)	\$ 7,239,398	\$ 8,224,106	\$ 8,962,328

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Government-wide Net Position by Category ¹
Last Ten Calendar Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Governmental Activities ²										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 79,395,142	\$ 81,943,706	\$ 74,305,635	\$ 75,069,663	\$ 77,930,646	\$ 83,284,813	\$ 92,966,263	\$ 97,747,204	\$ 93,786,175	\$ 95,777,049
Restricted	10,276,027	8,016,600	9,669,514	9,448,113	9,441,948	13,702,693	7,535,253	14,682,839	15,157,048	17,318,267
Unrestricted	(7,629,553)	(1,617,404)	9,963,375	15,173,917	20,219,970	18,806,234	14,231,134	5,258,966	18,031,618	24,116,666
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	82,041,616	88,342,902	93,938,524	99,691,693	107,592,564	115,793,740	114,732,650	117,689,009	126,974,841	137,211,982
Business-type Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	36,207,873	37,408,763	36,564,675	35,675,705	34,737,815	34,198,991	33,097,005	33,078,538	32,294,231	31,346,839
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	5,263,521	2,746,130	3,013,298	6,426,041	6,125,989	6,201,202	5,942,673	10,244,179	9,966,760	9,639,339
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	41,471,394	40,154,893	39,577,973	42,101,746	40,863,804	40,400,193	39,039,678	43,322,717	42,260,991	40,986,178
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	115,603,015	119,352,469	110,870,310	110,745,368	112,668,461	117,483,804	126,063,268	130,825,742	126,080,406	127,123,888
Restricted	10,276,027	8,016,600	9,669,514	9,448,113	9,441,948	13,702,693	7,535,253	14,682,839	15,157,048	17,318,267
Unrestricted	(2,366,032)	1,128,726	12,976,673	21,599,958	26,345,959	25,007,436	20,173,807	15,503,145	27,998,378	33,756,005
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 123,513,010	\$ 128,497,795	\$ 133,516,497	\$ 141,793,439	\$ 148,456,368	\$ 156,193,933	\$ 153,772,328	\$ 161,011,726	\$ 169,235,832	\$ 178,198,160

Notes:

¹ Accounting standards require that net position be reported in three components in the financial statements: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted only when (1) an external party, such as the State of Colorado or the federal government, places a restriction on how the resources may be used, or (2) enabling legislation which is enacted by the City. There are no restrictions currently reported as a result of enabling legislation.

² Includes the Black Hawk Business Improvement District.

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

Black Hawk, Colorado
General Governmental Revenues by Source
Last Ten Calendar Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Revenue Source	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Taxes	\$ 12,330,461	\$ 12,450,243	\$ 12,231,051	\$ 12,902,241	\$ 14,284,726	\$ 15,694,895	\$ 9,796,281	\$ 14,998,364	\$ 15,329,491	\$ 15,412,632
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	10,883,803	11,528,317	11,865,166	11,798,079	12,640,964	12,423,426	7,388,296	12,515,325	17,082,145	17,439,271
Licenses and permits	168,458	67,501	123,532	1,283,529	496,195	144,728	146,934	154,696	67,258	83,870
Fines and forfeitures	52,121	65,291	61,575	43,542	98,386	88,673	56,992	140,565	132,649	178,893
Charges for services	482,309	360,238	660,398	1,334,999	895,068	899,549	727,414	638,579	979,189	842,356
Impact and development fees	-	-	21,390	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	90,255	101,812	131,450	161,176	235,759	516,689	171,512	19,320	256,414	838,594
Miscellaneous	1,033,948	353,101	436,637	399,615	418,803	389,582	255,713	1,818,561	220,329	66,831
Total revenues	\$ 25,041,355	\$ 24,926,503	\$ 25,531,199	\$ 27,923,181	\$ 29,069,901	\$ 30,157,542	\$ 18,543,142	\$ 30,285,410	\$ 34,067,475	\$ 34,862,447
% change from prior year	#REF!	-0.5%	2.4%	9.4%	4.1%	3.7%	-38.5%	63.3%	83.7%	15.1%
Taxes	49.2%	49.9%	47.9%	46.2%	49.1%	52.0%	52.8%	49.5%	45.0%	44.2%
Special assessments	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Intergovernmental	43.5%	46.2%	46.5%	42.3%	43.5%	41.2%	39.8%	41.3%	50.1%	50.0%
Licenses and permits	0.7%	0.3%	0.5%	4.6%	1.7%	0.5%	0.8%	0.5%	0.2%	0.2%
Fines and forfeitures	0.2%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.5%	0.4%	0.5%
Charges for services	1.9%	1.4%	2.6%	4.8%	3.1%	3.0%	3.9%	2.1%	2.9%	2.4%
Impact and development fees	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Investment earnings	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.6%	0.8%	1.7%	0.9%	0.1%	0.8%	2.4%
Miscellaneous	4.1%	1.4%	1.7%	1.4%	1.4%	1.3%	1.4%	6.0%	0.6%	0.2%
Total revenues	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Tax Revenues by Source - Governmental Funds
Last Ten Calendar Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Calendar Year	Amounts						Total
	Property and Ownership	Road and Bridge	Sales and Use ¹	Franchise	Device	Other	
2014	161,294	90,711	3,220,682	176,667	8,663,562	17,545	12,330,461
2015	163,998	88,051	3,573,353	162,974	8,410,437	51,430	12,450,243
2016	561,790	97,394	3,535,442	164,524	7,849,034	22,867	12,231,051
2017	729,730	98,451	3,913,989	162,966	7,982,553	14,552	12,902,241
2018	1,012,708	100,666	4,328,847	162,162	8,633,162	47,181	14,284,726
2019	1,040,482	100,889	6,073,484	134,037	8,304,755	41,248	15,694,895
2020	1,291,828	124,412	3,490,557	124,208	4,716,435	48,841	9,796,281
2021	1,349,999	128,308	6,225,627	149,757	7,110,600	34,073	14,998,364
2022	11,453	125,515	6,897,073	155,115	8,108,274	32,061	15,329,491
2023	11,065	125,294	7,367,041	159,736	7,733,381	16,115	15,412,632
Percentage Change							
In Dollars Over							
10 Years	-93.1%	38.1%	128.7%	-9.6%	-10.7%	-8.2%	25.0%
Percentage of Total							
2014	1.3%	0.7%	26.1%	1.4%	70.3%	0.1%	100.0%
2015	1.3%	0.7%	28.7%	1.3%	67.6%	0.4%	100.0%
2016	4.6%	0.8%	28.9%	1.3%	64.2%	0.2%	100.0%
2017	5.7%	0.8%	30.3%	1.3%	61.9%	0.1%	100.0%
2018	7.1%	0.7%	30.3%	1.1%	60.4%	0.3%	100.0%
2019	6.6%	0.6%	38.7%	0.9%	52.9%	0.3%	100.0%
2020	13.2%	1.3%	35.6%	1.3%	48.1%	0.5%	100.0%
2021	9.0%	0.9%	41.5%	1.0%	47.4%	0.2%	100.0%
2022	0.1%	0.8%	45.0%	1.0%	52.9%	0.2%	100.0%
2023	0.1%	0.8%	47.8%	1.0%	50.2%	0.1%	100.0%

Notes:

¹ The significant increase in 2014 Device revenue is due to increased fees per device.

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
City's Share of State Gaming Taxes ¹
Last Ten Calendar Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Calendar Year	Unrestricted ²	Restricted For Preservation ³ and Restoration	Total	Total Percentage Change
2014	6,957,400	3,496,881	10,454,281	#DIV/0!
2015	7,436,400	3,691,877	11,128,277	6.45%
2016	7,933,146	3,844,192	11,777,338	5.83%
2017	7,937,140	3,803,758	11,740,898	-0.31%
2018	8,497,859	3,970,589	12,468,448	6.20%
2019	8,403,874	3,873,403	12,277,277	-1.53%
2020	5,036,466	2,081,518	7,117,984	-42.02%
2021	7,945,514	3,638,322	11,583,836	62.74%
2022	12,313,295	4,320,270	16,633,565	43.59%
2023	12,328,474	4,801,629	17,130,103	2.99%

**Percentage Change in
Dollars Over 10 Years**

<u>77.2%</u>	<u>37.3%</u>	<u>63.9%</u>
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Notes:

¹ The State Constitutional amendment that authorized limited gaming in three Colorado cities requires limited gaming establishments to pay up to 40% of their adjusted gross profits (the total amount of all wagers made by players less all payments to players) to the State of Colorado. A portion of these taxes is returned to the gaming cities.

² The State of Colorado must distribute 10% of their state gaming taxes to the three gaming cities in Colorado, in proportion to the gaming revenues generated in each respective city.

³ 20% of the state gaming taxes distributed to the State of Colorado's state historical fund to be used for restoration and preservation of the three gaming cities in Colorado in proportion to the gaming revenues generated in the respective cities.

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
General Governmental Expenditures by Function
Last Ten Calendar Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Function	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Current:										
General government	\$ 5,552,153	\$ 4,624,739	\$ 6,030,584	\$ 5,616,248	\$ 6,328,712	\$ 6,282,963	\$ 5,052,253	\$ 6,151,080	\$ 7,763,233	\$ 6,876,217
Planning	643,596	512,442	587,914	1,635,208	662,537	762,472	738,191	746,868	660,084	697,814
Public safety	6,074,576	6,197,919	6,444,945	6,923,541	7,082,309	7,313,889	7,208,729	7,631,431	8,414,005	8,977,960
Public works	3,347,852	3,166,676	3,332,495	4,000,770	3,850,907	3,576,569	2,828,090	3,609,413	3,799,537	4,214,813
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Current	<u>15,618,177</u>	<u>14,501,776</u>	<u>16,395,938</u>	<u>18,175,767</u>	<u>17,924,465</u>	<u>17,935,893</u>	<u>15,827,263</u>	<u>18,138,792</u>	<u>20,636,859</u>	<u>20,766,804</u>
% Change From Prior Year	<u>#REF!</u>	<u>-7.1%</u>	<u>13.1%</u>	<u>10.9%</u>	<u>-1.4%</u>	<u>0.1%</u>	<u>-11.8%</u>	<u>14.6%</u>	<u>30.4%</u>	<u>14.5%</u>
Capital Outlay	<u>5,496,918</u>	<u>5,708,698</u>	<u>6,372,277</u>	<u>9,313,328</u>	<u>6,035,343</u>	<u>7,618,534</u>	<u>12,258,386</u>	<u>7,929,586</u>	<u>6,969,962</u>	<u>6,901,427</u>
% Change From Prior Year	<u>#REF!</u>	<u>3.9%</u>	<u>11.6%</u>	<u>46.2%</u>	<u>-35.2%</u>	<u>26.2%</u>	<u>60.9%</u>	<u>-35.3%</u>	<u>-43.1%</u>	<u>-13.0%</u>
Debt Service										
Principal	1,770,000	1,685,000	1,850,000	1,895,000	1,950,000	2,015,000	2,070,000	2,135,000	2,095,000	2,195,000
Interest and fees	1,577,074	1,304,375	1,085,695	953,840	895,870	834,758	772,380	895,711	1,162,231	1,058,435
Total Debt Service	<u>3,347,074</u>	<u>2,989,375</u>	<u>2,935,695</u>	<u>2,848,840</u>	<u>2,845,870</u>	<u>2,849,758</u>	<u>2,842,380</u>	<u>3,030,711</u>	<u>3,257,231</u>	<u>3,253,435</u>
% Change From Prior Year	<u>#REF!</u>	<u>-10.7%</u>	<u>-1.8%</u>	<u>-3.0%</u>	<u>-0.1%</u>	<u>0.1%</u>	<u>-0.3%</u>	<u>6.6%</u>	<u>14.6%</u>	<u>7.3%</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 24,462,169</u>	<u>\$ 23,199,849</u>	<u>\$ 25,703,910</u>	<u>\$ 30,337,935</u>	<u>\$ 26,805,678</u>	<u>\$ 28,404,185</u>	<u>\$ 30,928,029</u>	<u>\$ 29,099,089</u>	<u>\$ 30,864,052</u>	<u>\$ 30,921,666</u>
% Change From Prior Year	<u>#REF!</u>	<u>-5.2%</u>	<u>10.8%</u>	<u>18.0%</u>	<u>-11.6%</u>	<u>6.0%</u>	<u>8.9%</u>	<u>-5.9%</u>	<u>-0.2%</u>	<u>6.3%</u>
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	<u>17.6%</u>	<u>17.1%</u>	<u>15.2%</u>	<u>13.6%</u>	<u>13.7%</u>	<u>13.7%</u>	<u>15.2%</u>	<u>14.3%</u>	<u>13.6%</u>	<u>13.5%</u>

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
General Governmental Current Expenditures by Function (Unaudited) ¹
Last Ten Calendar Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function										
Current:										
General government	\$ 5,552,153	\$ 4,624,739	\$ 6,030,584	\$ 5,616,248	\$ 6,328,712	\$ 6,282,963	\$ 5,052,253	\$ 6,151,080	\$ 7,763,233	\$ 6,876,217
Planning	643,596	512,442	587,914	1,635,208	662,537	762,472	738,191	746,868	660,084	697,814
Public safety	6,074,576	6,197,919	6,444,945	6,923,541	7,082,309	7,313,889	7,208,729	7,631,431	8,414,005	8,977,960
Public works	3,347,852	3,166,676	3,332,495	4,000,770	3,850,907	3,576,569	2,828,090	3,609,413	3,799,537	4,214,813
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Current	\$ 15,618,177	\$ 14,501,776	\$ 16,395,938	\$ 18,175,767	\$ 17,924,465	\$ 17,935,893	\$ 15,827,263	\$ 18,138,792	\$ 20,636,859	\$ 20,766,804
Current:										
General government	35.5%	31.9%	36.8%	30.9%	35.3%	35.0%	31.9%	33.9%	37.6%	33.1%
Planning	4.1%	3.5%	3.6%	9.0%	3.7%	4.3%	4.7%	4.1%	3.2%	3.4%
Public safety	38.9%	42.7%	39.3%	38.1%	39.5%	40.8%	45.5%	42.1%	40.8%	43.2%
Public works	21.4%	21.8%	20.3%	22.0%	21.5%	19.9%	17.9%	19.9%	18.4%	20.3%
Parks and recreation	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Total Current	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Notes:

¹ Includes all governmental fund types.

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Summary of Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Last Ten Calendar Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Source	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Total Revenues	\$ 25,041,355	\$ 24,926,503	\$ 25,531,199	\$ 27,923,181	\$ 29,069,901	\$ 30,157,542	\$ 18,543,142	\$ 30,285,410	\$ 34,067,475	\$ 34,862,447
Total Expenditures	24,462,169	23,199,849	25,703,910	30,337,935	26,805,678	28,404,185	30,928,029	29,099,089	30,864,052	30,921,666
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	579,186	1,726,654	(172,711)	(2,414,754)	2,264,223	1,753,357	(12,384,887)	1,186,321	3,203,423	3,940,781
Other Financing Sources										
Inception of lease obligation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of bonds	12,000,000		6,680,000		-	-	-	20,000,000	-	-
Bond premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	(6,727,167)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	17,044,047	15,438,061	3,180,437	3,029,941	9,965,332	8,219,441	10,249,739	20,181,000	4,426,000	12,708,000
Transfers out	(25,544,047)	(15,438,061)	(3,180,437)	(3,029,941)	(9,965,332)	(8,219,441)	(9,499,739)	(24,431,000)	(3,326,000)	(11,608,000)
Total Other Financing Sources	3,500,000	-	(47,167)	-	-	-	750,000	15,750,000	1,100,000	1,100,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,079,186	1,726,654	(219,878)	(2,414,754)	2,264,223	1,753,357	(11,634,887)	16,936,321	4,303,423	5,040,781
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	27,319,817	31,399,003	33,125,657	32,905,779	30,491,025	32,755,248	34,508,605	22,873,718	39,810,039	44,113,462
Other Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances, End of Year	<u>\$ 31,399,003</u>	<u>\$ 33,125,657</u>	<u>\$ 32,905,779</u>	<u>\$ 30,491,025</u>	<u>\$ 32,755,248</u>	<u>\$ 34,508,605</u>	<u>\$ 22,873,718</u>	<u>\$ 39,810,039</u>	<u>\$ 44,113,462</u>	<u>\$ 49,154,243</u>

Notes:

Data Source:

Applicable years' annual financial report.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Unaudited)
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
General Fund:										
Assigned to:										
Emergencies	\$ 630,000	\$ 602,000	\$ 745,000	\$ 809,000	\$ 834,000	\$ 866,000	\$ 517,000	\$ 868,000	\$ 1,021,000	\$ 1,043,000
Subsequent years' expenditures	237,383	299,751	192,893	193,053	433,763	199,947	203,216	170,180	675,230	311,513
Unassigned	10,920,414	7,813,019	10,998,486	14,780,203	12,746,637	13,001,307	12,135,974	14,691,405	22,755,452	22,268,875
Total General Fund	11,787,797	8,714,770	11,936,379	15,782,256	14,014,400	14,067,254	12,856,190	15,729,585	24,451,682	23,623,388
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items	3,515	45,501	3,459	66,101	5,347	1,648	1,648	2,417	0	0
Restricted for:										
Preservation and Restoration	5,370,486	3,191,540	4,604,063	4,428,235	6,064,118	10,482,062	4,744,396	11,713,741	12,112,369	14,110,402
Debt Service	2,692,875	2,637,444	2,615,630	2,497,271	2,369,237	2,193,745	1,913,518	1,541,513	1,366,715	1,552,805
Transportation	56,808	52,233	143,567	144,809	127,479	115,146	315,717	513,536	609,735	562,220
Parking Impact	1,496,458	1,500,266	1,526,657	1,532,841	9,701	9,826	9,874	9,881	10,759	10,947
Business Improvement District	5,000	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,500	4,000	1,500	1,500	-	-
Conservation Trust	24,400	25,617	27,097	28,457	29,913	31,914	33,248	34,668	36,470	38,893
Assigned to:										
Capital projects	9,671,041	16,693,144	12,000,751	5,891,133	9,928,030	7,171,376	1,882,286	8,591,463	5,525,732	9,255,588
Business Improvement District	290,623	257,642	40,676	112,422	199,523	431,634	1,115,341	1,671,735	-	-
Unassigned:										
Total All Other Governmental Funds	19,611,206	24,410,887	20,969,400	14,708,769	18,740,848	20,441,351	10,017,528	24,080,454	19,661,780	25,530,855
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 31,399,003	\$ 33,125,657	\$ 32,905,779	\$ 30,491,025	\$ 32,755,248	\$ 34,508,605	\$ 22,873,718	\$ 39,810,039	\$ 44,113,462	\$ 49,154,243

Data Source:

Applicable years' comprehensive annual

Black Hawk, Colorado
Number of Devices - By Casino ^{1, 2}
Last Ten Calendar Years

For the Calendar Years December 31,																				
	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2023	
Major Casino	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total
Horseshoe	1,120	13.1%	1,107	13.2%	1,111	13.6%	1,063	13.8%	1,004	13.7%	940	13.1%	853	12.0%	839	12.9%	758	11.8%	649	10.6%
Ameristar	1,423	16.6%	1,352	16.2%	1,245	15.2%	1,245	16.2%	1,253	17.1%	1,301	18.1%	805	11.3%	991	15.2%	978	15.2%	952	15.5%
Lodge	1,009	11.8%	1,007	12.0%	880	10.7%	995	12.9%	993	13.6%	985	13.7%	659	9.3%	825	12.7%	832	13.0%	814	13.2%
Monarch	631	7.4%	722	8.6%	735	9.0%	769	10.0%	765	10.4%	756	10.5%	770	10.8%	1,132	17.4%	1,103	17.2%	1,112	18.1%
Bally's North	731	8.5%	700	8.4%	511	6.2%	462	6.0%	447	6.1%	435	6.0%	312	4.4%	324	5.0%	355	5.5%	344	5.6%
Lady Luck	479	5.6%	466	5.6%	478	5.8%	467	6.1%	449	6.1%	421	5.9%	382	5.4%	398	6.1%	338	5.3%	286	4.7%
Z Casino	415	4.9%	425	5.1%	442	5.4%	445	5.8%	428	5.8%	422	5.9%	340	4.8%	320	4.9%	360	5.6%	340	5.5%
Saratoga	544	6.4%	457	5.5%	467	5.7%	468	6.1%	457	6.2%	450	6.3%	346	4.9%	380	5.8%	376	5.9%	377	6.1%
Gilpin	307	3.6%	295	3.5%	295	3.6%	249	3.2%	348	4.7%	386	5.4%	232	3.3%	327	5.0%	337	5.3%	342	5.6%
Wild Card	382	4.5%	376	4.5%	362	4.4%	366	4.7%	249	3.4%	250	3.5%	134	1.9%	244	3.7%	245	3.8%	247	4.0%
Total Major Casinos ⁴	7,041	82.3%	6,907	82.5%	6,526	79.6%	6,529	84.7%	6,393	87.2%	6,346	88.2%	4,833	67.9%	5,780	88.8%	5,682	88.6%	5,463	88.8%
All Other Casinos	1,514	17.7%	1,463	17.5%	1,670	20.4%	1,178	15.3%	935	12.8%	850	11.8%	2,287	32.1%	732	11.2%	733	11.4%	687	11.2%
Total All Casinos ⁵	8,555	100.0%	8,370	100.0%	8,196	100.0%	7,707	100.0%	7,328	100.0%	7,196	100.0%	7,120	100.0%	6,512	100.0%	6,415	100.0%	6,150	100.0%

Notes:

¹ The City adopted an ordinance imposing an occupational tax (i.e., a device fee) on gaming devices used within the City. The fee is paid on all gaming devices for which the State of Colorado has issued a device tax stamp.

² Based upon the number of devices at December 31 of each year.

Data Source:

⁴ City Finance Department

⁵ Colorado Department of Revenue, Division of Gaming.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Annual Device Fee Rates
Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Regular ¹	Transportation Fee	Total
2014	945	77	1,022
2015	945	77	1,022
2016	945	44	989
2017	1,050	51	1,101
2018	1,050	41	1,091
2019	1,050	41	1,091
2020	1,050	44	1,094
2021	1,050	44	1,094
2022	1,050	44	1,094
2023	1,050	44	1,094

Notes:

¹ On Nov 7, 2017, the City electors approved a fee of 4 times the regular device fee for live tables games effective Jan.1 , 2018

Data Source :

City Finance Department

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Principal General Device Fee Payers
For the Calendar Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2014 ¹

2023			
<u>Principal Device Fee Payers - Casinos</u>	<u>Total Fees ¹</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Percentage of Total Fees</u>
Monarch	\$ 1,362,900	1	18.67%
Ameristar	\$ 1,283,100	2	17.57%
Lodge	\$ 933,450	3	12.78%
Horseshoe	\$ 807,450	4	11.06%
Z Casino (Bullwhackers)	\$ 357,000	5	4.89%
Saratoga (Fitzgeralds)	\$ 421,050	6	5.77%
Bally's North	\$ 399,000	7	5.46%
Lady Luck	\$ 306,600	8	4.20%
Gilpin	\$ 359,100	9	4.92%
Wild Card	\$ 262,500	10	3.60%
Total Principal Fee Payers	6,492,150		88.91%
All Other Fee Payers	809,550		11.09%
Total	<u>\$ 7,301,700</u>		<u>100.00%</u>
2014			
<u>Principal Device Fee Payers - Casinos</u>	<u>Total Fees ¹</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Percentage of Total Fees</u>
Ameristar	\$ 1,344,735	1	17.00%
Isle of Capri	1,058,400	2	13.38%
Lodge	953,505	3	12.05%
Mardi Gras	690,795	4	8.73%
Monarch (Riviera)	596,295	5	7.54%
Saratoga (Fitzgeralds)	514,080	6	6.50%
Lady Luck	452,655	7	5.72%
Z Casino (Bullwhackers)	392,175	8	4.96%
Gilpin	360,990	9	4.56%
Canyon	290,115	10	3.67%
Total Principal Fee Payers	6,653,745		84.12%
All Other Fee Payers	1,255,905		15.88%
Total	<u>\$ 7,909,650</u>		<u>100.00%</u>

Notes:

¹ The device fees do not include the Transportation Fees.

Data Source:

City Finance Department.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates
Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Direct City	Overlapping State of Colorado	Total Direct and Overlapping
2014	5.50%	2.90%	8.40%
2015	5.50%	2.90%	8.40%
2016	5.50%	2.90%	8.40%
2017 *	6.00%	2.90%	8.90%
2018	6.00%	2.90%	8.90%
2019	6.00%	2.90%	8.90%
2020	6.00%	2.90%	8.90%
2021	6.00%	2.90%	8.90%
2022	6.00%	2.90%	8.90%
2023	6.00%	2.90%	8.90%

Notes:

* Additional 0.5% City tax approved by the voters in November 2016.

Data Source : Colorado Department of Revenue, Sales Tax Information Division

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Ratios of Total Debt Outstanding by Type
Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities			Total ¹	Estimated Population ²	Total Debt Per Capita ³	Total Debt Per Gaming Device ^{4, 5}
	Device Tax Revenue Bonds	General Obligation Bonds	Special Assessment Bonds	Leases Purchase Financing	Total	Device Tax Revenue Bonds	General Obligation Bonds	Total				
2014	28,875,000	-	-	-	28,875,000	-	-	-	28,875,000	100	288,750	3,523
2015	27,190,000	-	-	-	27,190,000	-	-	-	27,190,000	100	271,900	3,528
2016	25,330,000	-	-	-	25,330,000	-	-	-	25,330,000	100	253,300	3,457
2017	23,435,000	-	-	-	23,435,000	-	-	-	23,435,000	100	234,350	3,257
2018	21,485,000	-	-	-	21,485,000	-	-	-	21,485,000	100	214,850	3,018
2019	19,470,000	-	-	-	19,470,000	-	-	-	19,470,000	100	194,700	2,990
2020	17,400,000	-	-	-	17,400,000	-	-	-	17,400,000	100	174,000	2,672
2021	15,265,000	-	-	20,000,000	35,265,000	-	-	-	35,265,000	100	352,650	5,734
2022	14,260,000	-	-	18,910,000	33,170,000	-	-	-	33,170,000	100	331,700	5,393
2023	13,215,000	-	-	17,760,000	30,975,000	-	-	-	30,975,000	100	309,750	5,037

Notes:

³ Because of the City's small population, the debt per capita is extremely high. However, because of gaming, the City's daily population is in the range of 10,000 - 15,000.

⁴ Percentage of personal income or percentage of actual taxable value of property is not useful, since the City receives an immaterial amount of property taxes. A better measure is the debt per gaming device within the City.

⁶ Includes debt related to the Black Hawk Business Improvement District.

Data Source:

¹ Applicable years' annual financial report.

² Are estimated counts by City management and the Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Local Government.

⁵ Number of gaming devices. Colorado Department of Revenue, Gaming Division.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding ¹
Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	General Obligation Bonds ¹	Estimated Population	Debt Per Capita	Total G.O. Debt Per Gaming Device ^{2, 3}
2014	-	100	-	-
2015	-	100	-	-
2016	-	100	-	-
2017	-	100	-	-
2018	-	100	-	-
2019	-	100	-	-
2020	-	100	-	-
2021	-	100	-	-
2022	-	100	-	-
2023	-	100	-	-

Notes:

² Percentage of personal income or percentage of actual taxable value of property is not useful since the City receives an immaterial amount of property taxes. A better measure is debt per gaming device within the City.

Data Source:

¹ Applicable years' annual financial report.

³ Number of gaming devices. Colorado Department of Revenue, Gaming Division.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
December 31, 2023

<u>Governmental Unit</u>	<u>Debt Outstanding</u>	<u>Estimated Percentage Applicable ³</u>	<u>Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt</u>
City Direct Debt:			
City:			
Device tax revenue bonds	\$ 13,215,000		
General obligation refunding bonds	-		
Lease purchase financing	17,760,000		
Black Hawk Business Improvement District: ¹			
General obligation refunding bonds	-		
Total direct debt	<u>\$ 30,975,000</u>	100.00%	<u>\$ 30,975,000</u>
Overlapping Debt ^{2, 3, 5, 6}			
General Obligation Bonds: ⁴			
Miners Mesa Commercial Metropolitan District			
General obligation bonds	6,291,000	100.00%	6,291,000
Silver Dollar Metropolitan District			
General obligation bonds	10,790,000	100.00%	<u>10,790,000</u>
Total			<u>17,081,000</u>
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			<u><u>\$ 48,056,000</u></u>

Notes:

¹ The Black Hawk Business Improvement District is a blended component unit of the City.

² Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City.

³ For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another government unit's assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total assessed value.

⁴ Debt as of most current data available.

⁵ Although overlapping the City's boundaries, Black Hawk-Central City Sanitation District, Gilpin County RE-1 School District and Gilpin County do not have any outstanding governmental activities debt.

Data Source:

⁶ Each specific government.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Legal Debt Margin
Last Ten Calendar Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Assessed Value ¹	<u>\$ 217,921,025</u>	<u>\$ 234,861,739</u>	<u>\$ 237,558,964</u>	<u>\$ 242,790,494</u>	<u>\$ 245,599,268</u>	<u>\$ 299,950,331</u>	<u>\$ 317,003,620</u>	<u>\$ 294,121,016</u>	<u>\$ 293,791,067</u>	<u>\$ 349,917,840</u>
Legal Debt Margin										
Debt limit (10% of assessed value)	<u>\$ 21,792,103</u>	<u>\$ 23,486,174</u>	<u>\$ 23,755,896</u>	<u>\$ 24,279,049</u>	<u>\$ 24,559,927</u>	<u>\$ 29,995,033</u>	<u>\$ 31,700,362</u>	<u>\$ 29,412,102</u>	<u>\$ 29,379,107</u>	<u>\$ 34,991,784</u>
Debt applicable to limit:										
General obligation bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Amount reserved for repayment of general obligation debt	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total debt applicable to limit	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Legal debt margin	<u>\$ 21,792,103</u>	<u>\$ 23,486,174</u>	<u>\$ 23,755,896</u>	<u>\$ 24,279,049</u>	<u>\$ 24,559,927</u>	<u>\$ 29,995,033</u>	<u>\$ 31,700,362</u>	<u>\$ 29,412,102</u>	<u>\$ 29,379,107</u>	<u>\$ 34,991,784</u>
As a percentage of debt limit	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

Data Source:¹ Gilpin County Assessor

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	County Population ^{1, 2}	(thousands of dollars)	County Per Capita Income ^{1, 2}	County Per Capita Personal Income % of U.S. ²	County Median Age ³	Unemployment Rate		
		County Personal Income ^{1, 2}				Gilpin County ⁴	State of Colorado ⁴	United States ⁵
2014	5,601	249,717	44,584	109%	N/A	4.4%	4.9%	6.2%
2015	5,828	259,246	44,308	105%	N/A	3.1%	3.8%	5.3%
2016	5,931	241,404	40,702	83%	N/A	2.4%	3.3%	4.9%
2017	5,441	225,807	41,501	83%	N/A	2.0%	2.8%	4.4%
2018	6,013	273,778	45,531	88%	N/A	2.8%	3.6%	3.9%
2019	6,121	294,591	48,128	93%	N/A	2.3%	2.8%	3.5%
2020	6,243	309,909	49,641	96%	N/A	8.5%	6.9%	8.1%
2021	5,873	346,953	59,076	167%	N/A	3.9%	4.2%	3.9%
2022	5,891	381,383	64,740	183%	N/A	2.2%	2.8%	3.5%
2023	5,808	384,983	66,285	187%	N/A	2.7%	3.2%	3.5%

Notes:

¹ Information available for Gilpin County, not for the City.

Data Source:

² Gilpin County - 2014 - 2023 - U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.

³ Gilpin County - U.S. Census Bureau.

⁴ Colorado Department of Labor and Employment.

⁵ United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Principal Employers
For the Calendar Years 2015 and 2007 *

2015				
Employer	Product or Service	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total
Ameristar Casino	Casino/Hotel	1,095	1	32.57%
Isle of Capri/Lady Luck Casino	Casino/Hotel	751	2	22.34%
Lodge/Gilpin Casino	Casino/Hotel	692	3	20.58%
Mardi Gras/Golden Gates/Golden Gulch	Casino	457	4	13.59%
Monarch Casino	Casino	367	5	10.92%
Total Principal Employers		3,362		100.00%

2007				
Employer	Product or Service	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total
Isle of Capri	Casino/Hotel	579	1	26.68%
The Lodge	Casino/Hotel	508	2	23.41%
Ameristar	Casino/Hotel	500	3	23.04%
Mardi Gras	Casino	322	4	14.84%
Rivera	Casino	261	5	12.03%
Total Principal Employers		2,170		100.00%

Data Source :

Colorado Division of Gaming

*2015 Figures the latest data available.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado¹
Average Number of Employees - By Industry ²
Calendar Years 2013 - 2022

Industry	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Mining & Logging	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	53	66	62	56	60	61	75	78	74	73
Manufacturing	-	16	-	1	-	5	-	-	10	10
Trade, Retail & Wholesale	40	39	56	64	28	45	46	49	37	46
Information Tech	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5
Financial Activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Professional & Business Services	48	43	35	32	80	45	37	39	55	51
Health Care & Social Assistance	55	50	51	54	62	51	47	49	46	54
Leisure & Hospitality	4,170	4,142	4,129	4,093	3,997	3,755	2,942	3,256	3,542	3,580
Other Services	57	73	85	144	153	278	97	114	105	95
Public Administration	310	316	329	331	348	347	301	317	353	362
Total	4,733	4,745	4,747	4,775	4,728	4,587	3,545	3,902	4,227	4,276

Notes:

¹ Information is only available for Gilpin County

Data Source:

² State of Colorado, Department of Labor and Employment, LMI Gateway, Employment, Industry Employment Distribution

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Comparison of the Average Number of Gaming Devices by Gaming City
Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Black Hawk, Colorado		Cripple Creek, Colorado		Central City, Colorado		Total	
	Number of Devices	Percentage of Total	Number of Devices	Percentage of Total	Number of Devices	Percentage of Total	Number of Devices	Percentage of Total
2014	8,456	59.6%	3,794	26.7%	1,943	13.7%	14,193	100.0%
2015	8,198	59.2%	3,708	26.8%	1,940	14.0%	13,846	100.0%
2016	7,944	58.8%	3,656	27.1%	1,909	14.1%	13,509	100.0%
2017	7,431	57.3%	3,598	27.8%	1,930	14.9%	12,959	100.0%
2018	7,323	56.5%	3,606	27.8%	2,040	15.7%	12,969	100.0%
2019	7,085	55.7%	3,623	28.5%	2,017	15.9%	12,725	100.0%
2020 ¹	5,425	56.0%	2,764	28.5%	1,500	15.5%	9,689	100.0%
2021	6,462	58.7%	2,812	25.5%	1,738	15.8%	11,012	100.0%
2022	6,373	58.4%	2,812	25.8%	1,732	15.9%	10,917	100.0%
2023	6,230	57.5%	2,843	26.3%	1,753	16.2%	10,826	100.0%
Percentage Change								
Over 10 Years								
	-26.3%		-25.1%		-9.8%		-23.7%	

Data Source:

Colorado Department of Revenue

¹ Casinos closed for 3 months, then limited capacity due to COVID-19.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Comparison of the Average Number of Casinos by Gaming City
Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Black Hawk, Colorado		Cripple Creek, Colorado		Central City, Colorado		Total	
	Number of Casinos	Percentage of Total	Number of Casinos	Percentage of Total	Number of Casinos	Percentage of Total	Number of Casinos	Percentage of Total
2014	18	50.0%	12	33.3%	6	16.7%	36	100.0%
2015	17	48.6%	12	34.3%	6	17.1%	35	100.0%
2016	17	48.6%	12	34.3%	6	17.1%	35	100.0%
2017	15	45.5%	12	36.4%	6	18.2%	33	100.0%
2018	15	45.5%	12	36.4%	6	18.2%	33	100.0%
2019	15	45.5%	12	36.4%	6	18.2%	33	100.0%
2020	15	45.5%	12	36.4%	6	18.2%	33	100.0%
2021	15	45.5%	12	36.4%	6	18.2%	33	100.0%
2022	15	45.5%	12	36.4%	6	18.2%	33	100.0%
2023	15	45.5%	12	36.4%	6	18.2%	33	100.0%

Data Source:

Colorado Department of Revenue.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Comparison of the Average Number of Casino Employees by Gaming City ¹
Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Black Hawk, Colorado		Cripple Creek, Colorado		Central City, Colorado		Total	
	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total	Number of Employees	Percentage of Total
2014	6,211	60.3%	3,187	30.9%	906	8.8%	10,304	100.0%
2015	6,834	63.4%	3,088	28.7%	853	7.9%	10,775	100.0%
2016	6,103	68.6%	1,846	20.7%	953	10.7%	8,902	100.0%
2017	6,274	67.9%	1,643	17.8%	1,319	14.3%	9,236	100.0%
2018	5,718	63.8%	1,956	21.8%	1,282	14.3%	8,956	100.0%
2019	5,469	63.2%	1,883	21.8%	1,304	15.1%	8,656	100.0%
2020	3,160	69.4%	836	18.4%	555	12.2%	4,551	100.0%
2021	3,160	69.4%	836	18.4%	555	12.2%	4,551	100.0%
2022	5,210	69.3%	1,378	18.3%	932	12.4%	7,520	100.0%
2023 ²	n/a	0.0%	n/a	0.0%	n/a	0.0%	na/	0.0%
Percentage Change In Employees Over 10 Years	<u>0.00%</u>		<u>0.00%</u>		<u>0.00%</u>		<u>0.00%</u>	

Notes:

¹ Includes licensed and non-licensed employees.

² Figures for 2023 unavailable at the time of publishing.

Data Source:

Colorado Department of Revenue.

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Comparison of Adjusted Gross Proceeds (AGP) by Gaming City ¹
Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Black Hawk, Colorado			Cripple Creek, Colorado			Central City, Colorado			Total		
	Annual AGP	Percentage of Total	Percentage Change	Annual AGP	Percentage of Total	Percentage Change	Annual AGP	Percentage of Total	Percentage Change	Annual AGP	Percentage of Total	Percentage Change
2014	560,598,893	75.1%	n/a	123,432,964	16.5%	n/a	62,315,892	8.3%	n/a	746,347,749	100.0%	n/a
2015	595,792,993	75.4%	6.3%	128,046,346	16.2%	3.7%	66,238,898	8.4%	6.3%	790,078,237	100.0%	5.9%
2016	609,754,552	75.2%	2.3%	131,393,766	16.2%	2.6%	69,645,209	8.6%	5.1%	810,793,527	100.0%	2.6%
2017	621,432,374	75.0%	1.9%	134,736,458	16.3%	2.5%	71,886,088	8.7%	3.2%	828,054,920	100.0%	2.1%
2018	623,249,638	74.0%	0.3%	139,870,984	16.6%	3.8%	78,983,290	9.4%	9.9%	842,103,912	100.0%	1.7%
2019	613,419,924	73.6%	-1.6%	140,570,139	16.9%	0.5%	79,678,312	9.6%	0.9%	833,668,375	100.0%	-1.0%
2020	400,028,234	71.4%	-34.8%	104,451,250	18.6%	-25.7%	55,754,638	10.0%	-30.0%	560,234,122	100.0%	-32.8%
2021	728,376,832	74.6%	82.1%	165,136,618	16.9%	58.1%	82,743,395	8.5%	48.4%	976,256,845	100.0%	74.3%
2022	813,061,509	76.7%	11.6%	164,794,561	15.5%	-0.2%	82,119,735	7.7%	-0.8%	1,059,975,805	100.0%	8.6%
2022	841,313,644	77.3%	3.5%	165,092,056	15.2%	0.2%	81,876,908	7.5%	-0.3%	1,088,282,608	100.0%	2.7%

Percentage Change**In Dollars Over****10 Years**

50.1%

33.8%

31.4%

45.8%

Notes:

¹ AGP is the amount of money wagered minus the amount paid out in prizes. It is the tax base used by the State of Colorado for taxing gaming.

Data Source:

Colorado Department of Revenue

Exhibit XXVIII

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
City Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Calendar Years

Function/program	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
City Clerk's Office	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
City Manager	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Community Planning & Development	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Facilities Maintenance	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00
Finance	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Fire Department	19.00	20.00	20.00	21.00	21.00	24.00	21.00	20.00	24.00	24.00
Fleet	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00
Human Resources	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
IT	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Municipal Court Fund	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
Parks	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Police	33.75	34.75	34.75	34.50	34.50	39.50	35.50	35.50	38.50	38.50
Public Works Administration	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Streets	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	9.00	6.00	6.00	7.00	7.00
Preservation & Restoration	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Water	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	8.00	8.00	7.00	9.00
Total	95.00	98.00	98.00	100.00	98.00	108.00	96.00	95.00	102.00	106.00
Percentage Change Over Prior Year	N/A	3.2%	0.0%	2.0%	-2.0%	10.2%	-2.0%	-12.0%	6.3%	11.6%

Data Source:

City of Black Hawk departmental records

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Operating Statistics by Function/Program
Last Ten Calendar Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
<u>Function/program</u>										
Fire										
Rescue & emergency medical service incidents	487	494	551	547	467	517	330	700	844	997
Fire incidents	7	7	12	9	11	7	11	7	8	5
False alarm & false call incidents	181	180	188	136	124	154	131	251	283	178
All other incidents	46	50	41	54	52	66	48	80	78	64
Police										
Number of traffic related contacts	1150	2223	972	787	889	1219	988	639	626	567
Number of annual police reports	1063	1317	1105	1083	1166	1258	869	1340	1439	1934
Dispatch										
Police communications	4754	5161	6594	5586	6878	7453	5973	5711	5761	8220
Fire communications	1070	1125	801	750	1243	1476	766	1035	1223	1268
EMS communications	934	960	1028	963	936	922	587	1038	1105	1134

Data Source :

Fire Department, Police Department

City of Black Hawk, Colorado
Capital Asset and Infrastructure Statistics by Function/Program
Last Ten Calendar Years

Capital Assets	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Buildings and related structures	46	47	47	48	48	51	51	58	64	65
Number of vehicles	128	130	131	132	133	140	142	145	152	160
Works of art	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Street lights	499	499	499	499	499	499	499	499	499	499
Streets:										
Asphalt	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Concrete	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Gravel, Dirt or Aggregate	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Bridges	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Traffic signals	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30

Data Source :

City capital asset records.

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT	STATE: COLORADO YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): 12/23
This Information From The Records Of: CITY OF BLACK HAWK	Prepared By: LANCE HILLIS

I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USER REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE

ITEM	A. Local Motor-Fuel Taxes	B. Local Motor-Vehicle Taxes	C. Receipts from State Highway-User Taxes	D. Receipts from Federal Highway Administration
1. Total receipts available				
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses				
3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes				
4. Minus amount used for mass transit				
5. Remainder used for highway purposes				

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES**III. EXPENDITURES FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES**

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sources:		A. Local highway expenditures:	
1. Local highway-user taxes		1. Capital outlay (from page 2)	\$ 34,085.00
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:	\$ 84,882.00
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		3. Road and street services:	
c. Total (a.+b.)		a. Traffic control operations	\$ -
2. General fund appropriations	\$ 298,714.00	b. Snow and ice removal	\$ 38,338.00
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	\$ 125,834.00	c. Other	
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	\$ 19,004.00	d. Total (a. through c.)	\$ 38,338.00
5. Transfers from toll facilities		4. General administration & miscellaneous	
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		5. Highway law enforcement and safety	\$ 304,353.00
a. Bonds - Original Issues		6. Total (1 through 5)	\$ 461,658.00
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues		B. Debt service on local obligations:	
c. Notes		1. Bonds:	
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)	\$ -	a. Interest	
7. Total (1 through 6)	\$ 443,552.00	b. Redemption	
B. Private Contributions		c. Total (a. + b.)	\$ -
C. Receipts from State government (from page 2)	\$ 18,106.00	2. Notes:	
D. Receipts from Federal Government (from page 2)	\$ -	a. Interest	
E. Total receipts (A.7 + B + C + D)	\$ 461,658.00	b. Redemption	
		c. Total (a. + b.)	\$ -
		3. Total (1.c + 2.c)	\$ -
		C. Payments to State for highways	
		D. Payments to toll facilities	
		E. Total expenditures (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	\$ 461,658.00

IV. LOCAL HIGHWAY DEBT STATUS

(Show all entries at par)

	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)				\$ -
1. Bonds (Refunding Portion)				\$ -
B. Notes (Total)				\$ -

V. LOCAL ROAD AND STREET FUND BALANCE (RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS ONLY)

	A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
		\$ 461,658.00	\$ 461,658.00		\$ -

Notes and Comments:

LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT		STATE: COLORADO YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): 12/23	
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II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL			
ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assesments	\$ 125,294.00	a. Interest on investments	
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & Penalties	\$ 19,004.00
1. Sales Taxes		c. Parking Garage Fees	
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	\$ 540.00	g. Other Misc. Receipts	
6. Total (1. through 5.)	\$ 540.00	h. Other	
c. Total (a. + b.)	\$ 125,834.00	i. Total (a. through h.)	\$ 19,004.00
<i>(Carry forward to page 1)</i>		<i>(Carry forward to page 1)</i>	
ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
1. Highway-user taxes (from Item I.C.5.)	\$ 18,106.00	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations		d. Federal Transit Administration	
d. DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other		f. Other Federal ARPA	
f. Total (a. through e.)	\$ -	g. Total (a. through f.)	\$ -
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	\$ 18,106.00	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	\$ -
<i>(Carry forward to page 1)</i>		<i>(Carry forward to page 1)</i>	

III. EXPENDITURES FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL			
	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a)	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b)	TOTAL (c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			\$ -
b. Engineering Costs			\$ -
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities			\$ -
(2). Capacity Improvements			\$ -
(3). System Preservation		\$ 34,085.00	\$ 34,085.00
(4). System Enhancement And Operation			\$ -
(5). Total Construction (1)+(2)+(3)+(4)	\$ -	\$ 34,085.00	\$ 34,085.00
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.4)	\$ -	\$ 34,085.00	\$ 34,085.00
<i>(Carry forward to page 1)</i>			
Notes and Comments:			